

# Morphological Image Processing

Image Processing

CSE 166

Lecture 13

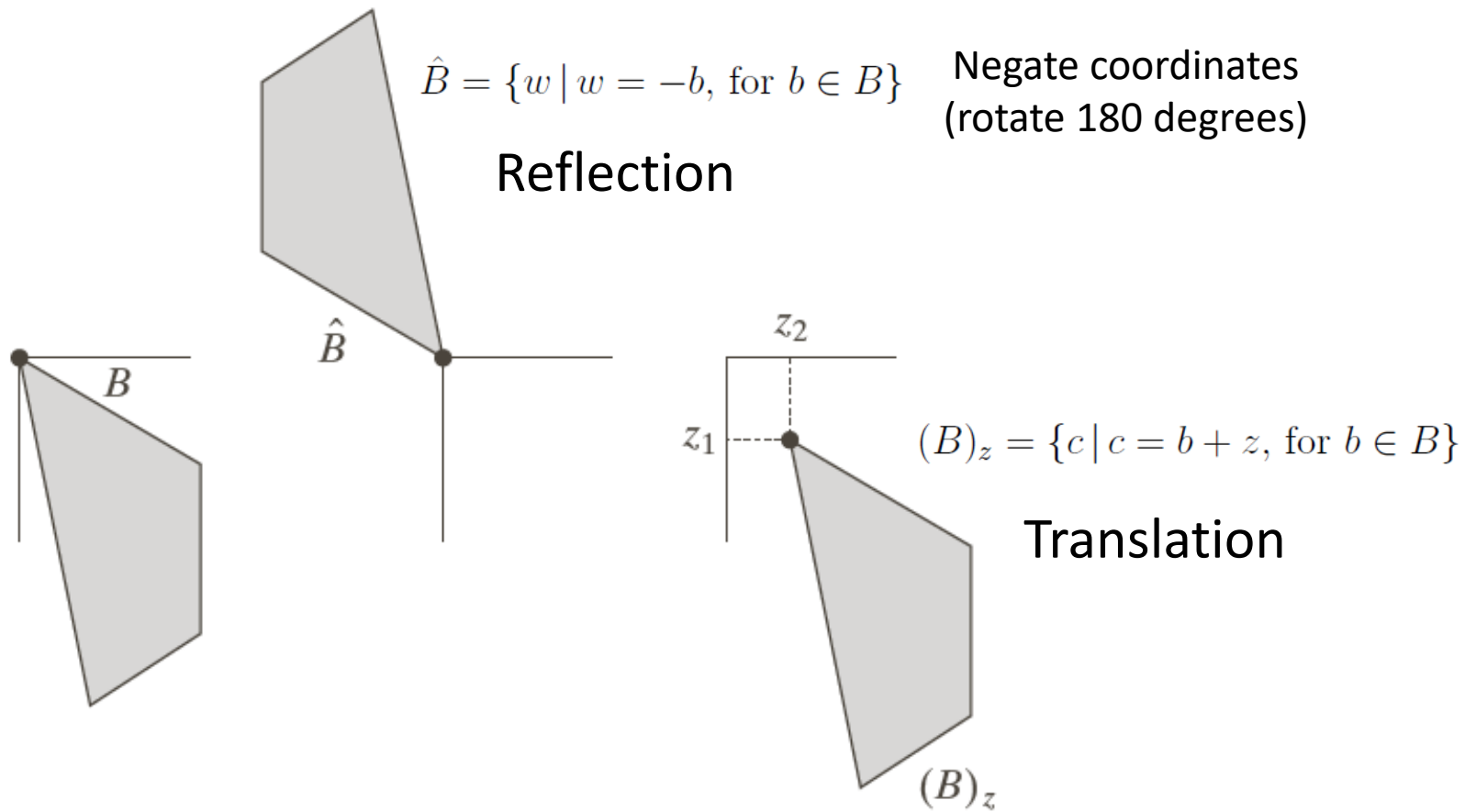
# Announcements

- Assignment 5 is due today, 11:59 PM
- Assignment 6 will be released today
  - Due Mar 8, 11:59 PM
- Reading
  - Chapter 9: Morphological image processing
    - Sections 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, and 9.5 (through subsection connected components)

# Morphological image processing

- Mathematical morphology
- Set theory
- Binary image

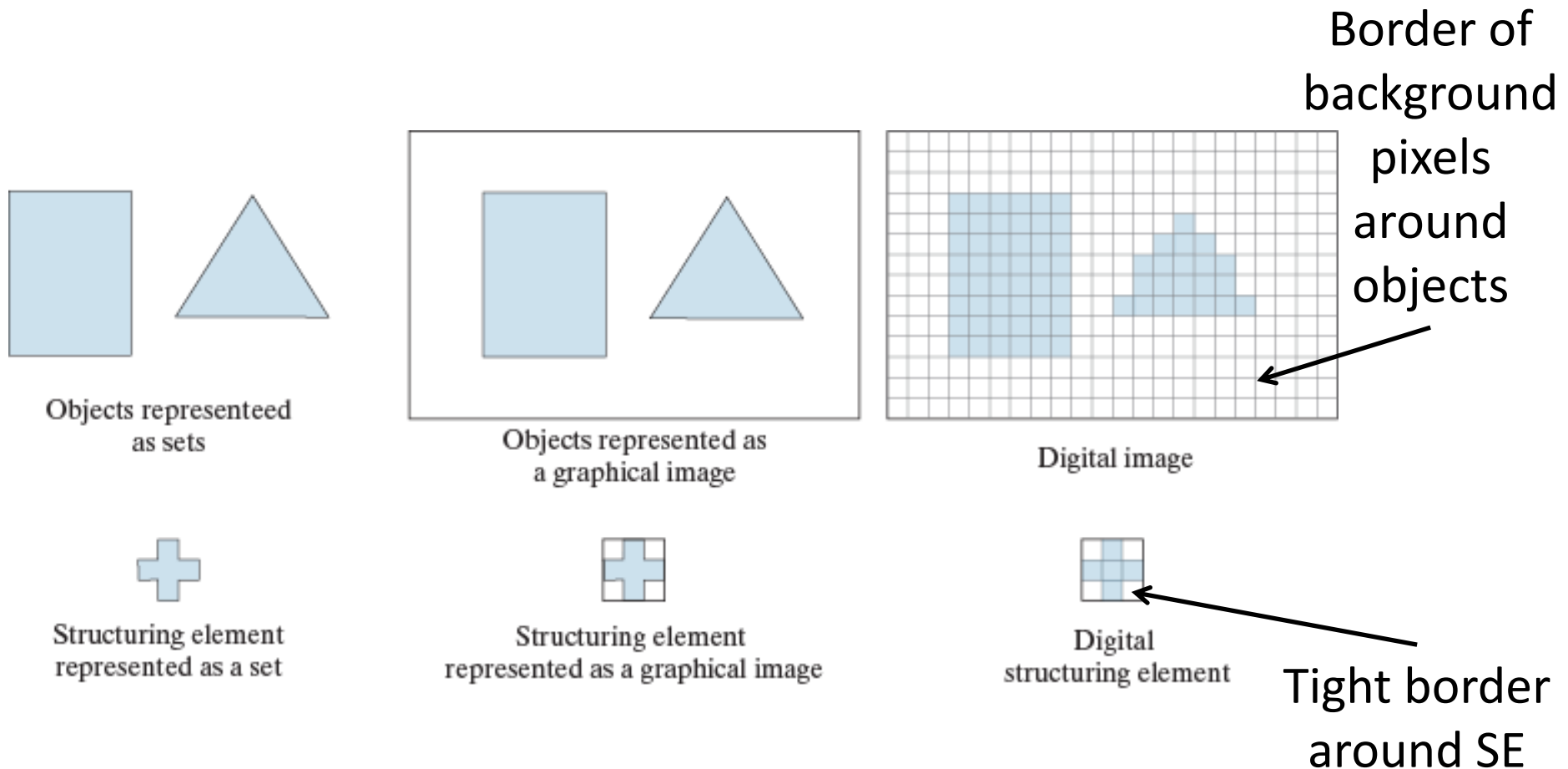
# Reflection and translation



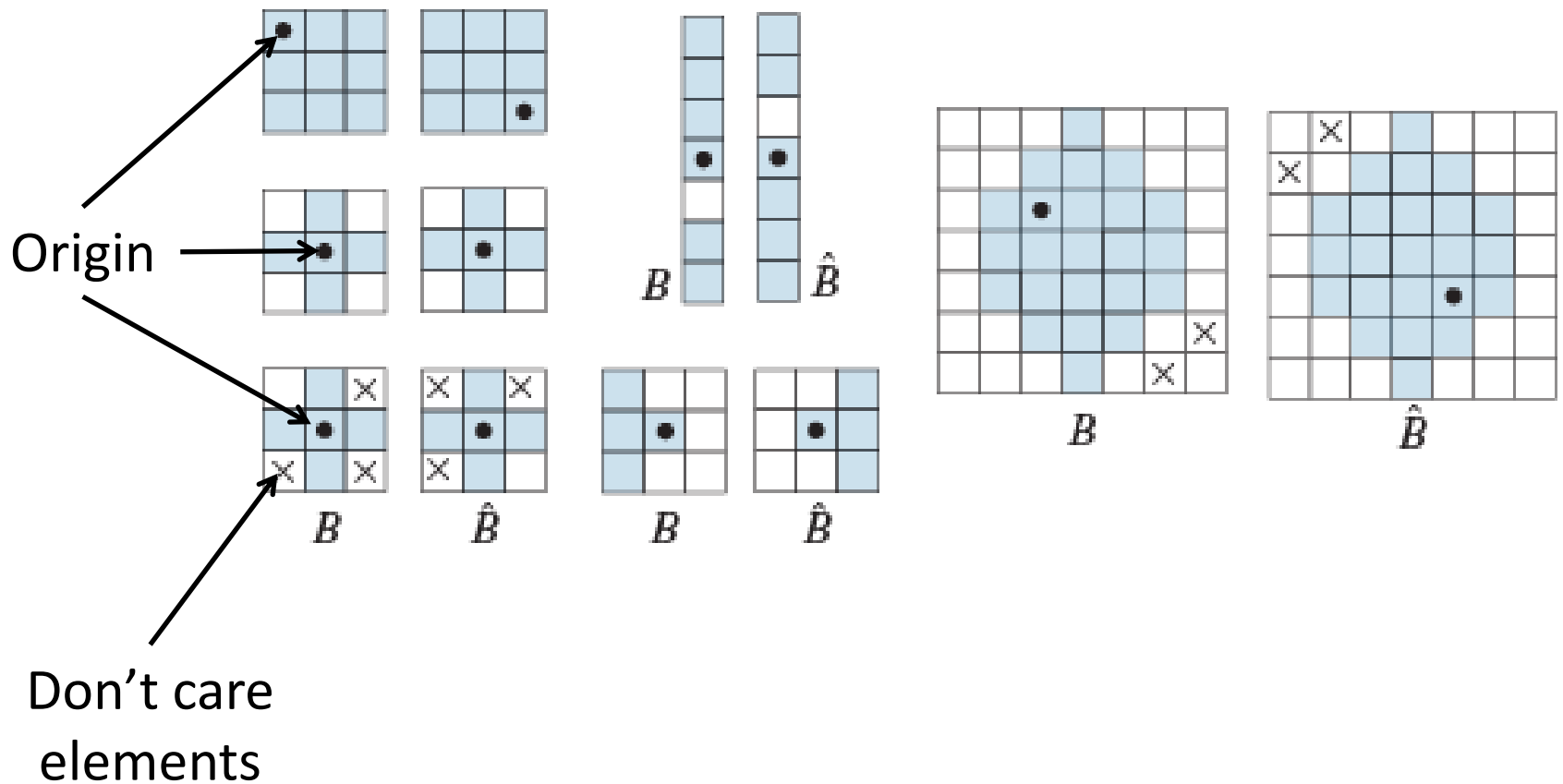
# Structuring elements

- Small sets used to probe an image
  - Origin is commonly in the center of the structuring element (similar to spatial filtering kernels)

# Sets of pixels: objects and structuring elements (SEs)



# Reflection about the origin



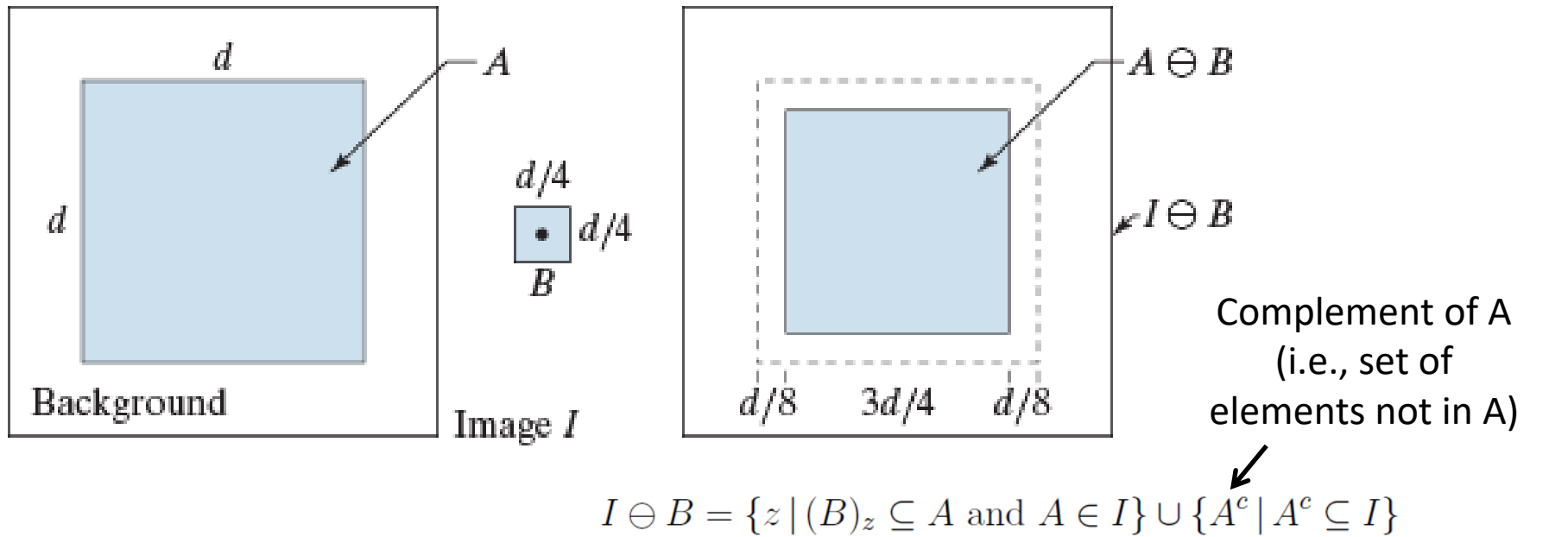
# Morphological operations

- Erosion
- Dilation
- Opening
- Closing



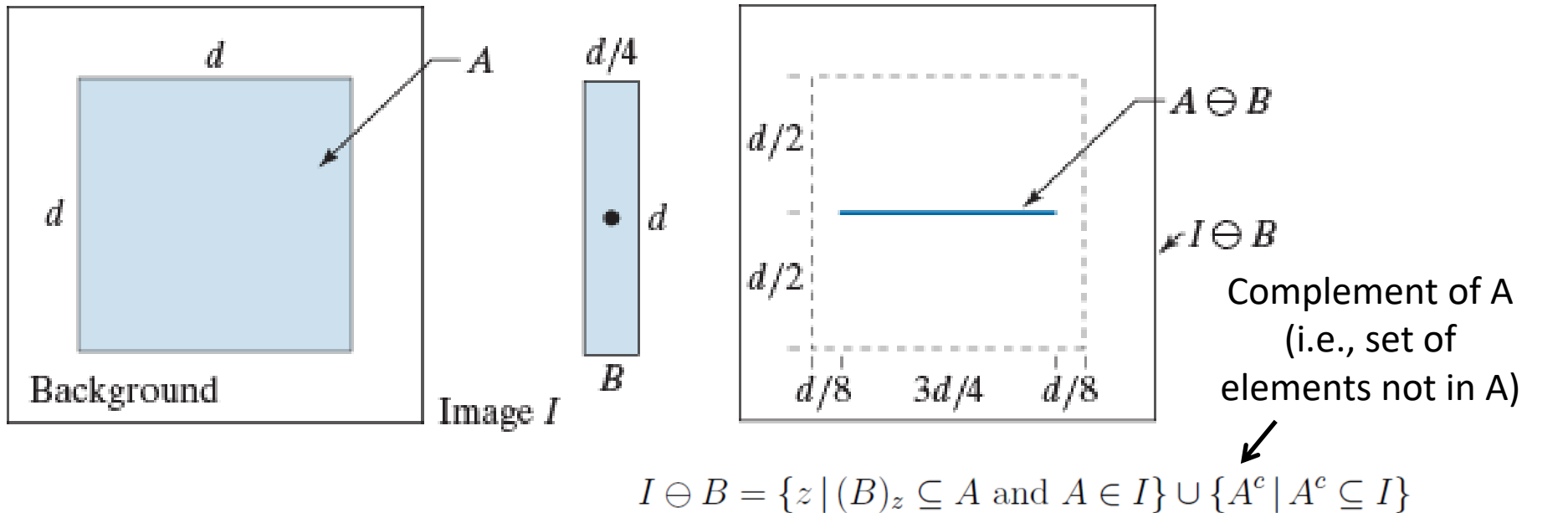
# Erosion

- Example: square SE
  - The erosion of A by B



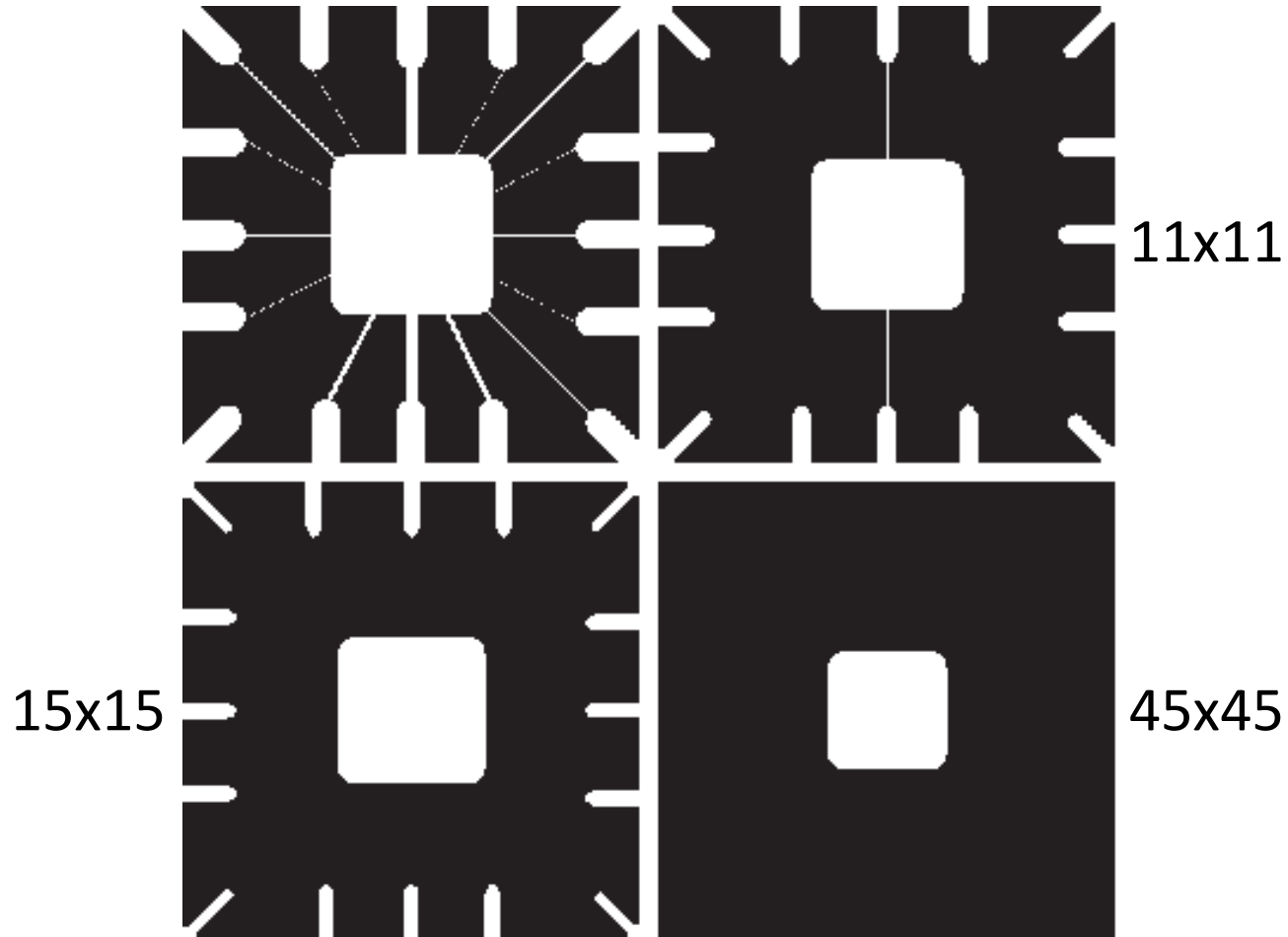
# Erosion

- Example: elongated SE
  - The erosion of A by B



# Erosion

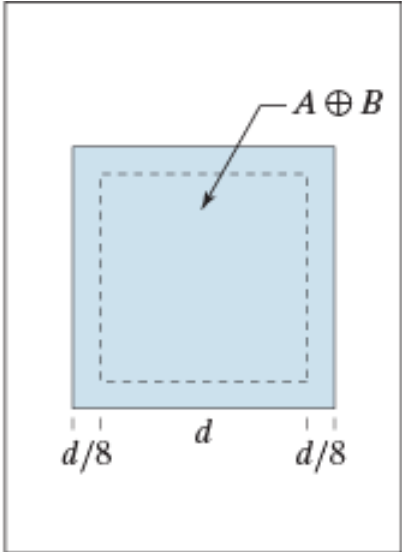
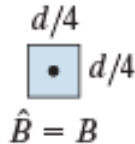
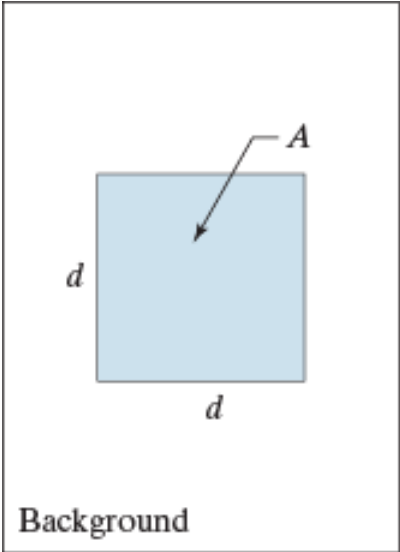
Equivalent to a min filter  
Shrinks



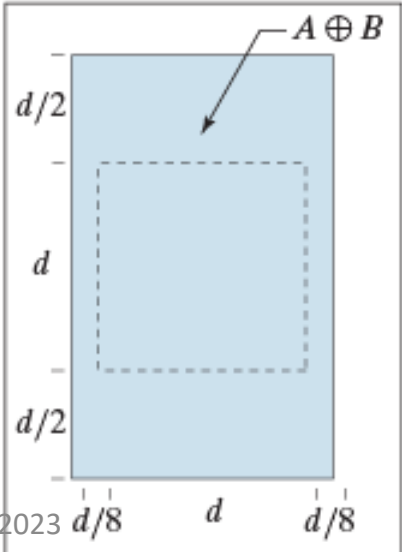
# Dilation

$$A \oplus B = \{z \mid (\hat{B})_z \cap A \neq \emptyset\}$$

Examples



Square SE



Elongated SE

# Dilation

Equivalent to a max filter  
Expands

Historically, certain computer programs were written using only two digits rather than four to define the applicable year. Accordingly, the company's software may recognize a date using "00" as 1900 rather than the year 2000.



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1	1	1
1	1	1
1	1	1

# Duality

- Erosion and dilation are duals of each other with respect to complementation and reflection

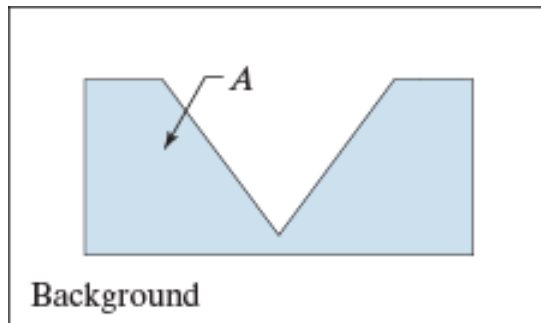
$$(A \ominus B)^c = A^c \oplus \hat{B} \text{ and } (A \oplus B)^c = A^c \ominus \hat{B}$$

# Opening

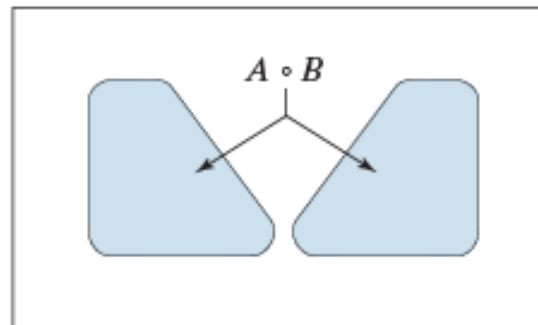
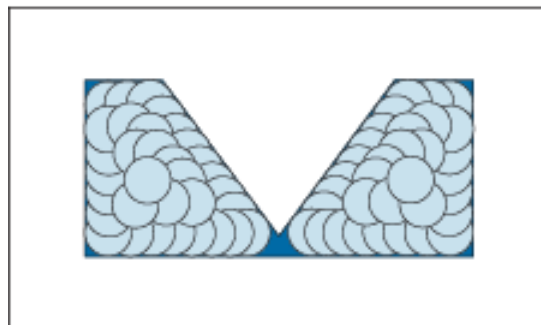
- Opening a set  $A$  by structuring element  $B$ 
  - Erosion followed by dilation

$$A \circ B = (A \ominus B) \oplus B$$

Smooths the contour of an object  
Breaks narrow isthmuses  
Eliminates thin protrusions



Image,  $I$



Structuring element rolls  
along **inner** boundary

# Closing

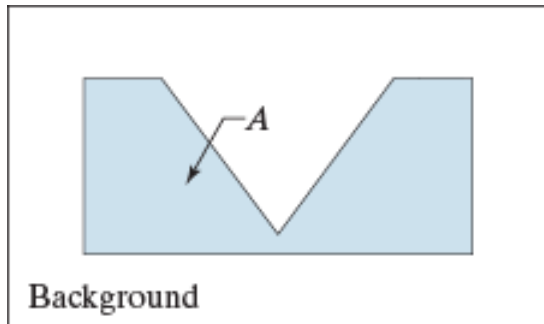
- Closing a set  $A$  by structuring element  $B$

– Dilation followed by erosion  $A \bullet B = (A \oplus B) \ominus B$

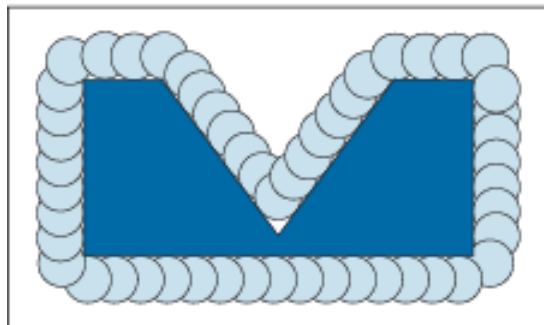
Fuses narrow breaks and long thin gulfs

Eliminates small holes

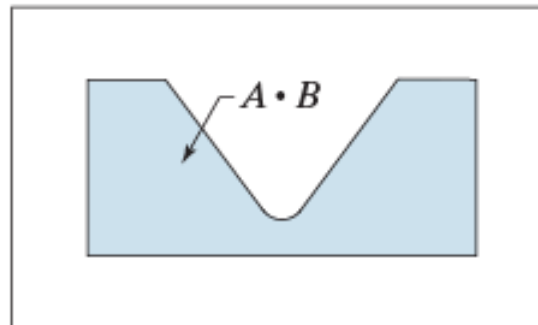
Fills gaps in contour of an object



Image,  $I$



Structuring element rolls along **outer** boundary

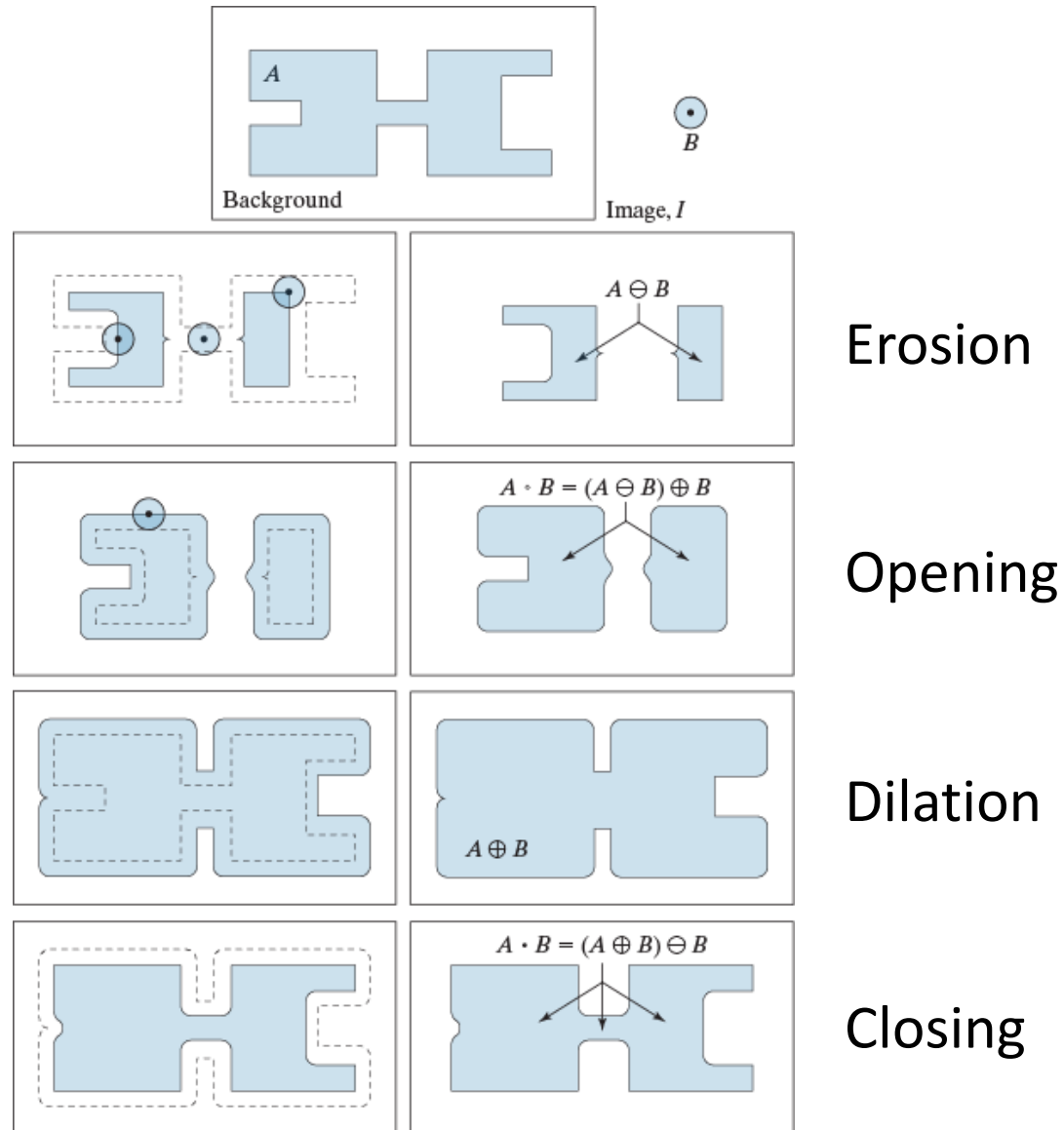




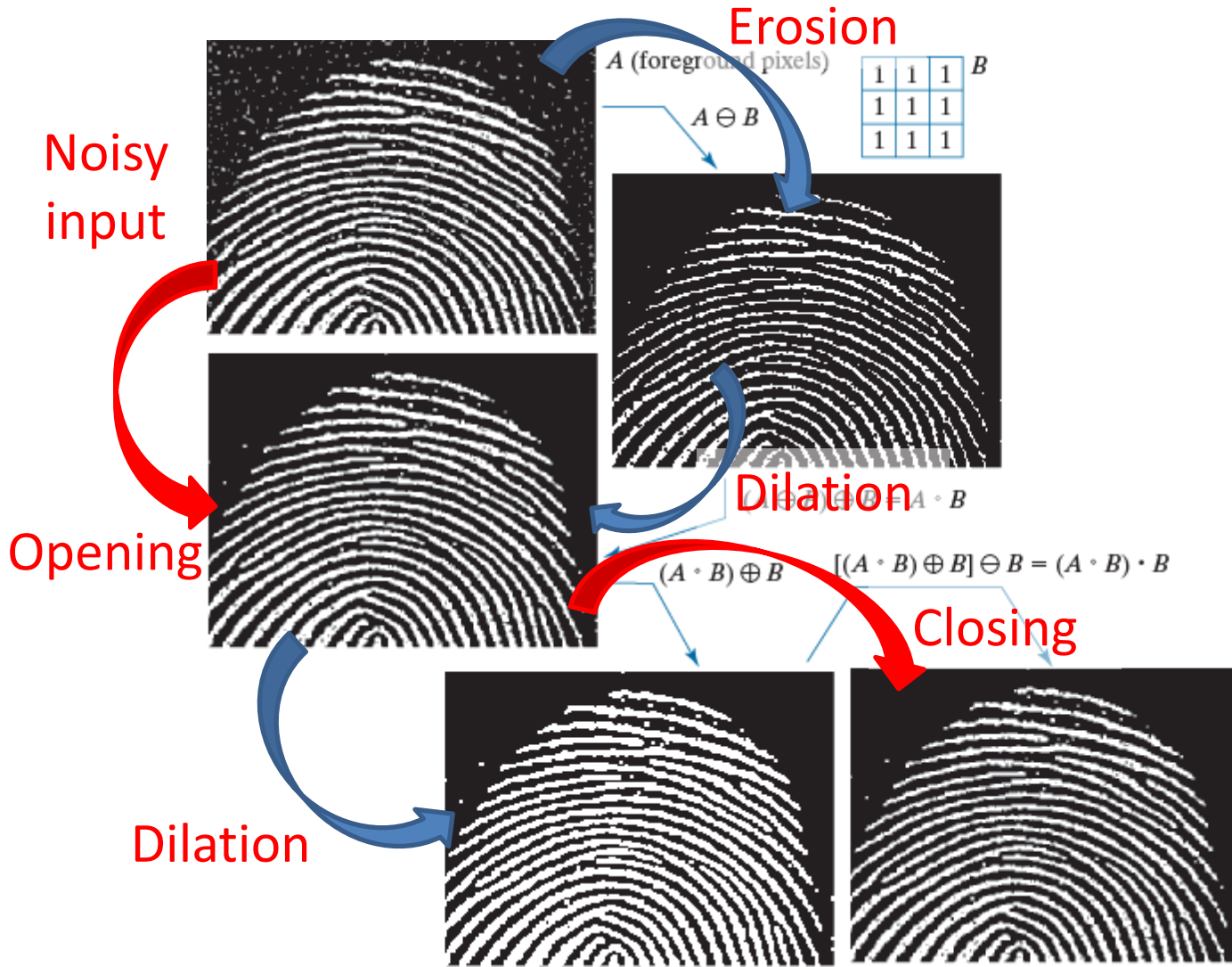
# Duality

- Opening and closing are duals of each other with respect to complementation and reflection

# Basic morphological operations



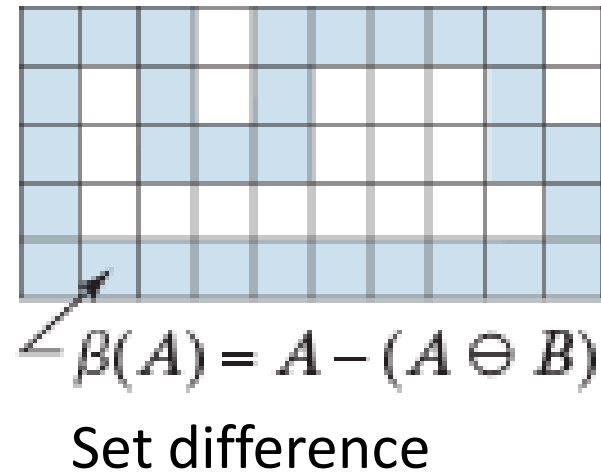
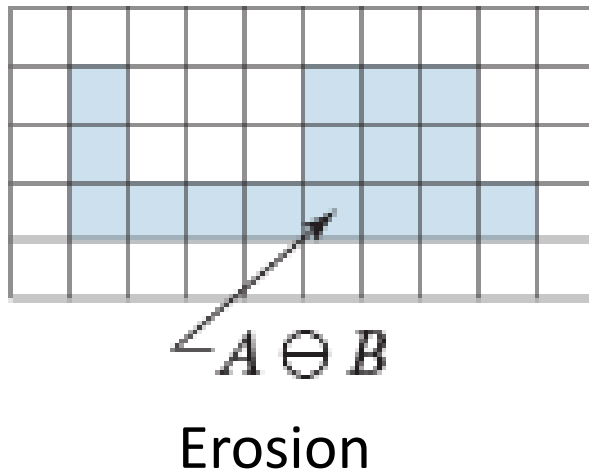
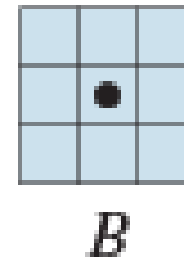
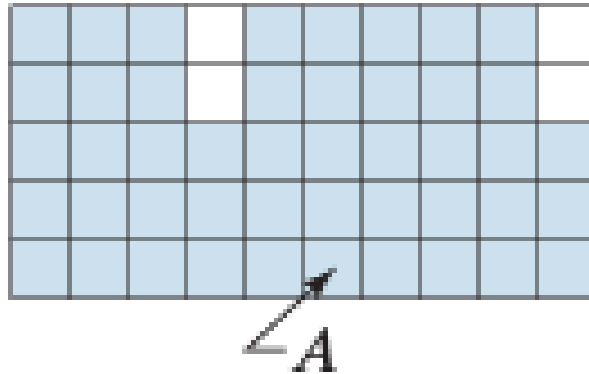
# Morphological image processing



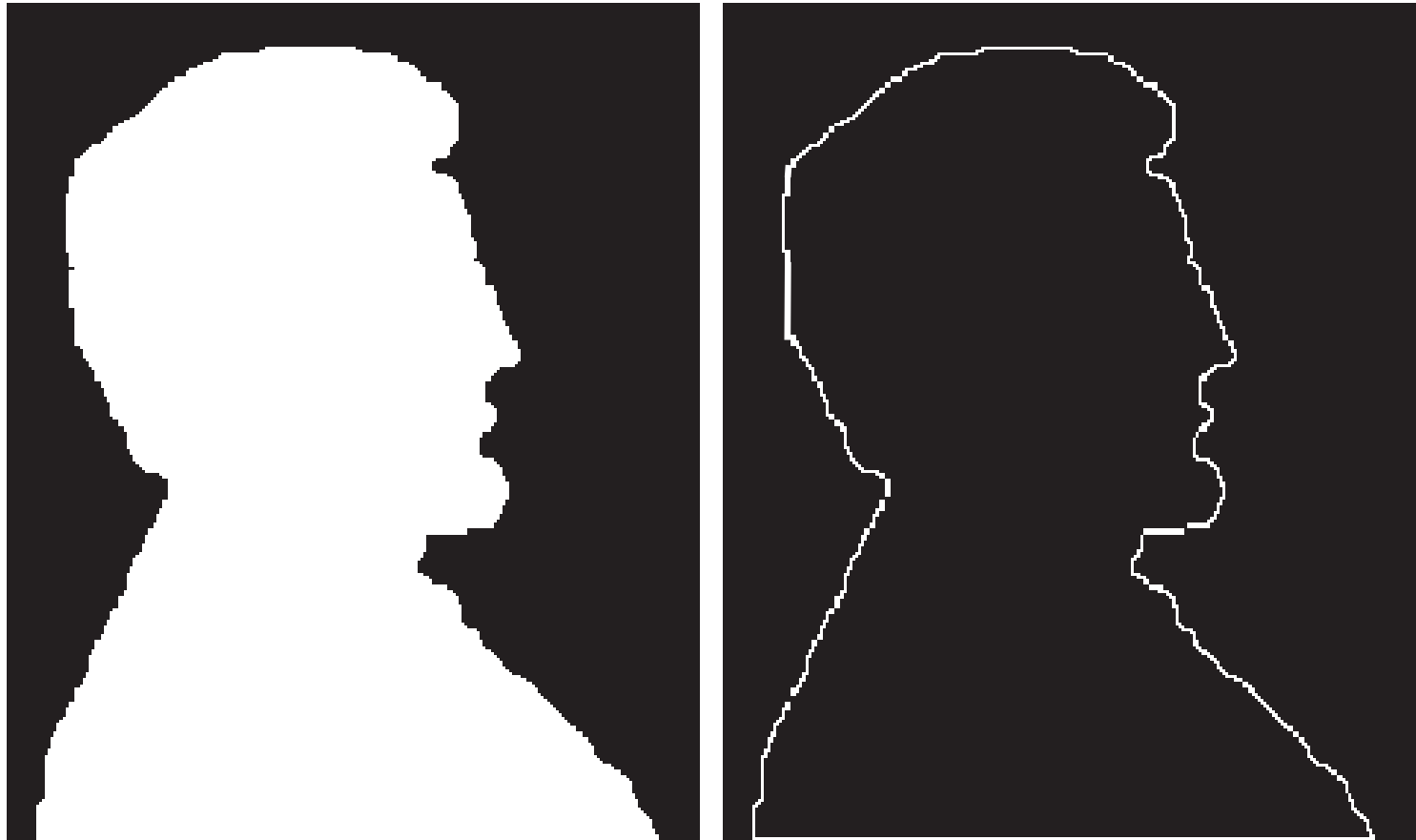
# Morphological algorithms

- Boundary extraction
- Hole filling
- Connected components

# Boundary extraction



# Boundary extraction



# Hole filling

$X$  is same size as  $I$

$X_0$  is all zeros, except ones at a  
given point in each hole

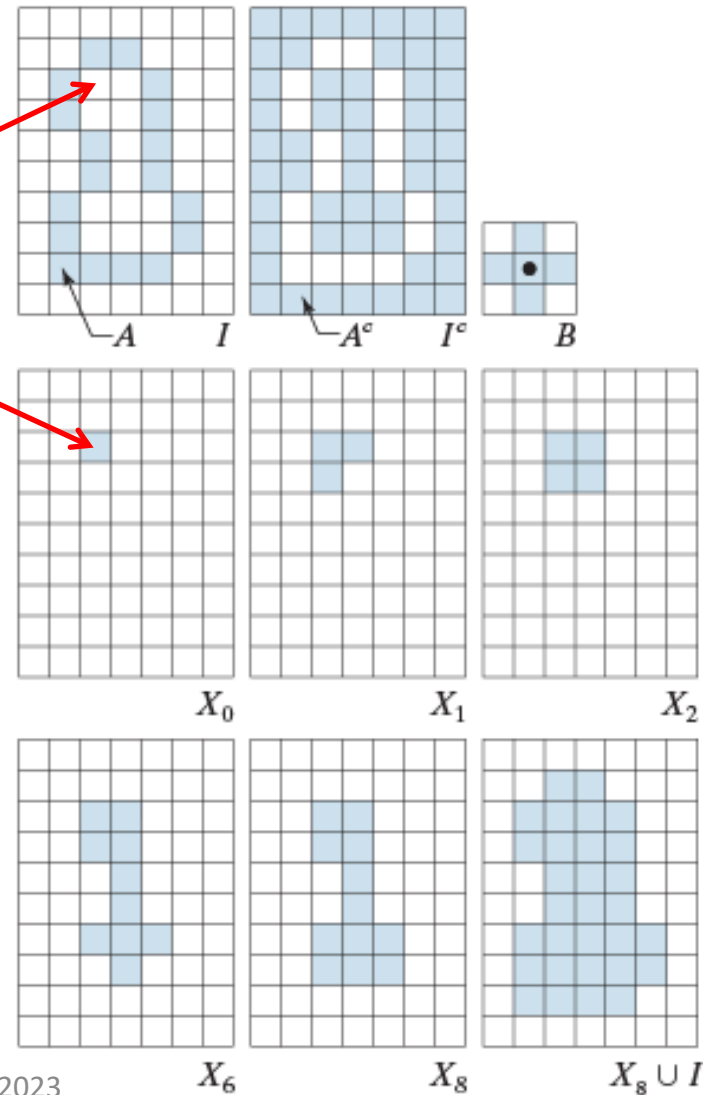
$$X_k = (X_{k-1} \oplus B) \cap A^c \quad k = 1, 2, \dots$$

Looks for background points

Intersection with  $A^c$  limits dilation

Stop when  $X_k = X_{k-1}$

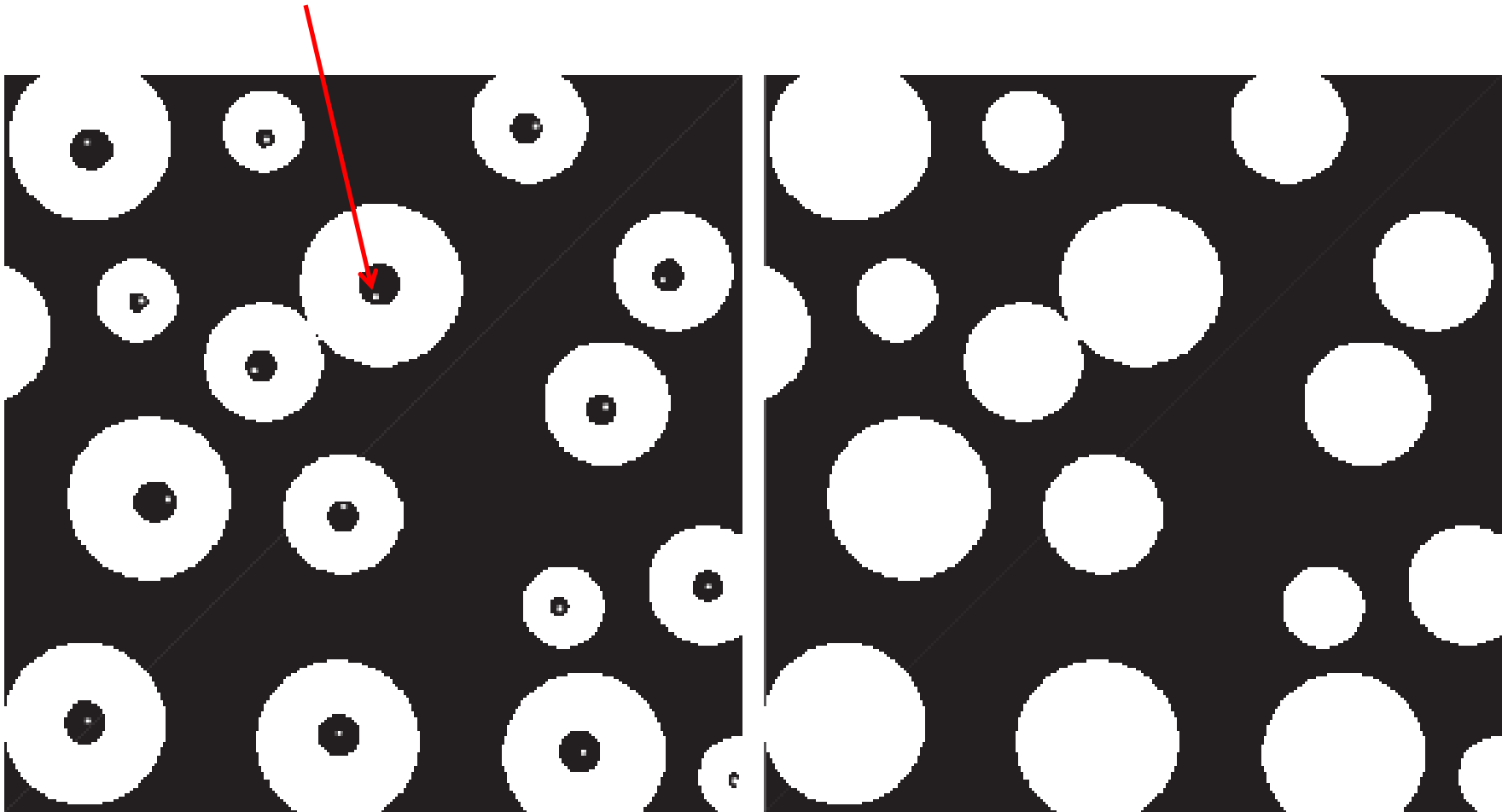
$X_{k_{\text{final}}} \cup A$  is  $A$  with holes filled



# Hole filling

Given points in holes

All holes filled





# Connected components

$X$  is same size as  $I$

$X_0$  is all zeros, except ones at a

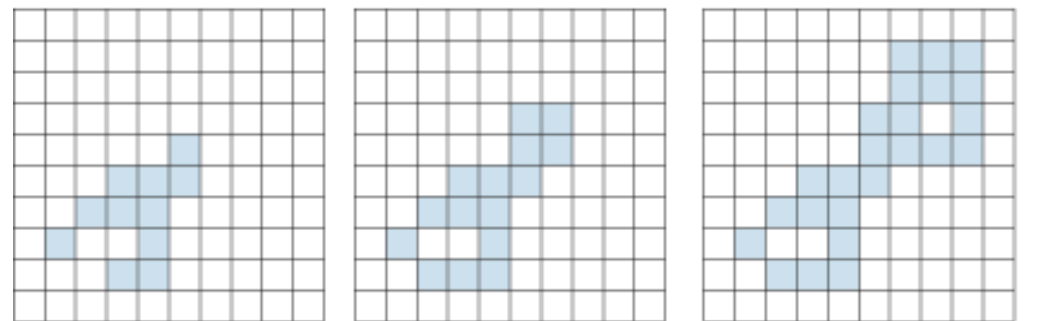
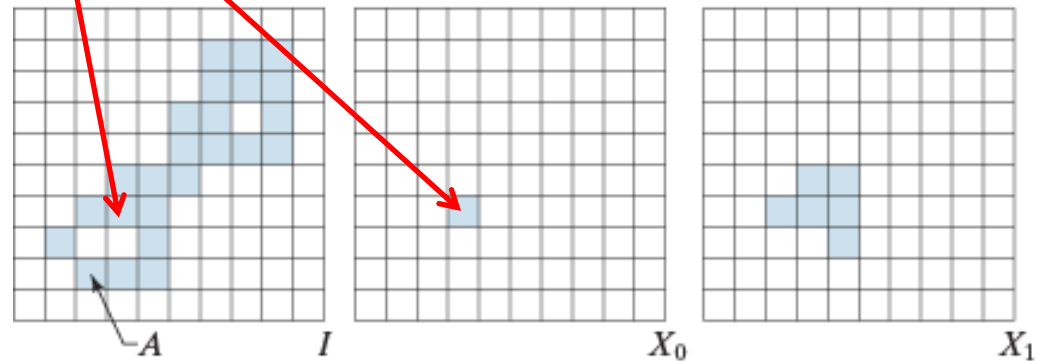
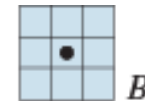
given point in each connected component

$$X_k = (X_{k-1} \oplus B) \cap A \quad k = 1, 2, \dots$$

Looks for foreground points

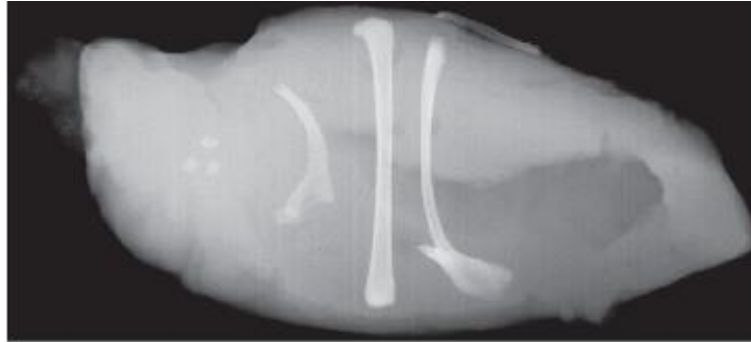
Intersection with  $A^c$  limits dilation

Stop when  $X_k = X_{k-1}$



# Connected components

X-ray image



Threshold  
(negative)



Connected component	No. of pixels in connected comp
01	11
02	9
03	9
04	39
05	133
06	1
07	1
08	743
09	7
10	11
11	11
12	9
13	9
14	674
15	85

15  
connected  
components

# Next Lecture

- Image segmentation
- Reading
  - Chapter 10: Image segmentation I: edge detection, thresholding, and region detection
    - Sections 10.1, 10.2, and 10.3