The Phantom Tollbooth: Privacy-Preserving Toll Collection in the Presence of Driver Collusion

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- How do we charge more according to the time of day?
- Or as drivers enter city centers?











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- In this talk we'll see our system, Milo, which allows for fine-grained pricing policies without sacrificing drivers' privacy
- In the process, we strongly guarantee that drivers remain honest

USENIX Security 2009: VPriv [PBB]

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USENIX Security 2010: PrETP [BRTPVG]

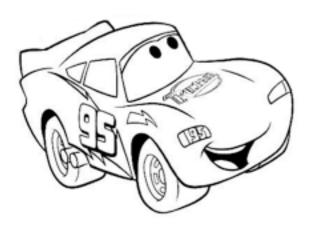
- Fine-grained policy: again uses small road segments
- Privacy: drivers commit to segments in a way that eliminates need for Tor
- Honesty: again relies on audits

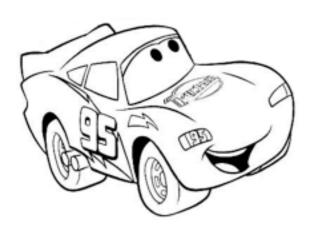
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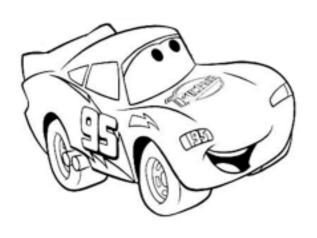
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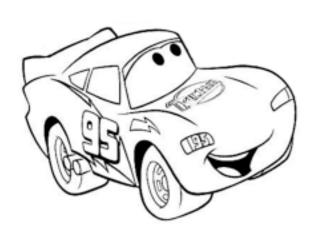


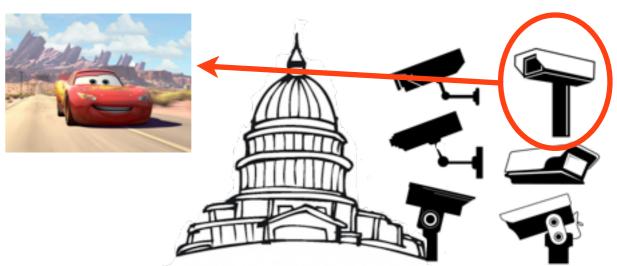


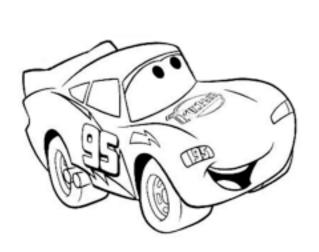




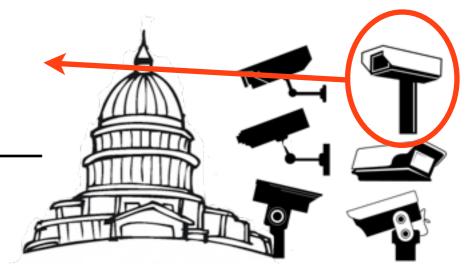


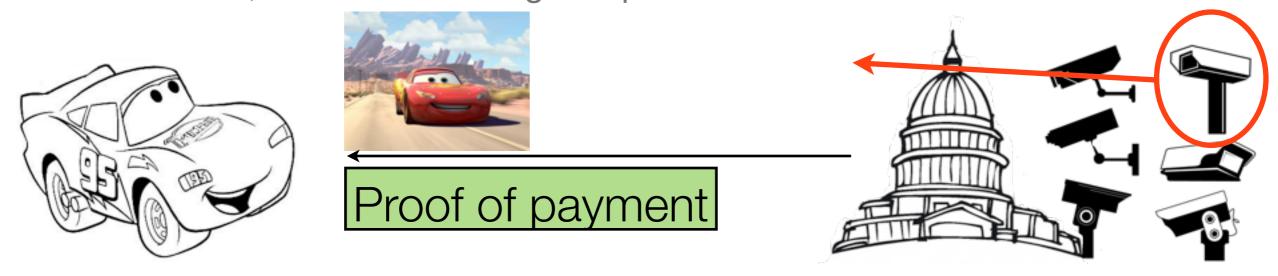


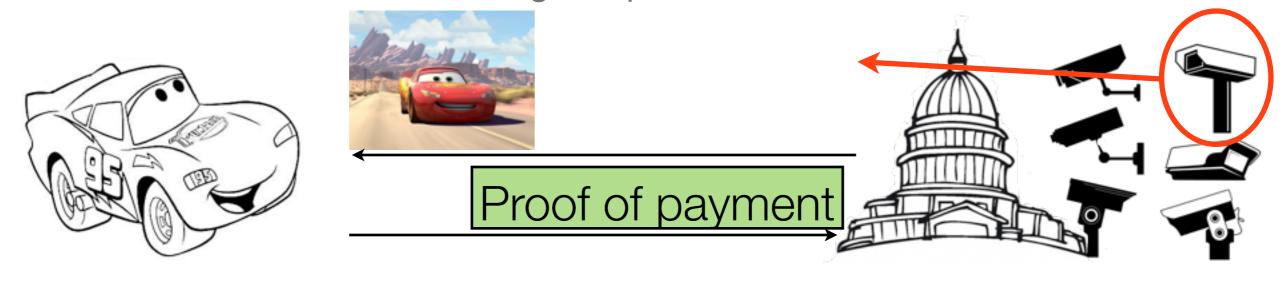




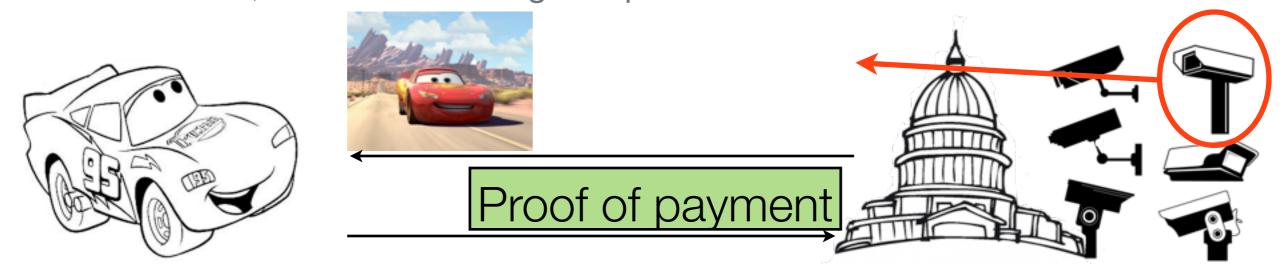






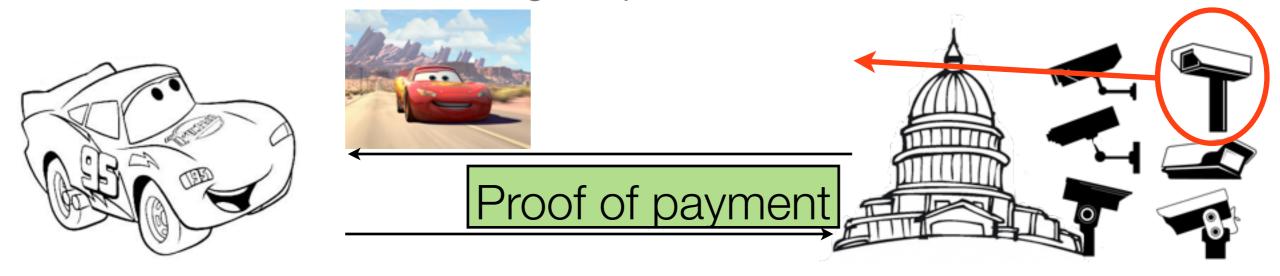


In these audits, we see a challenge/response behavior:

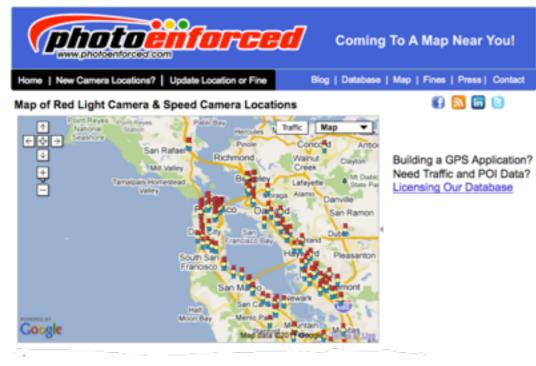


So the authority reveals to the driver the segment in which he was seen! This information can then be shared to help drivers avoid cameras in the future

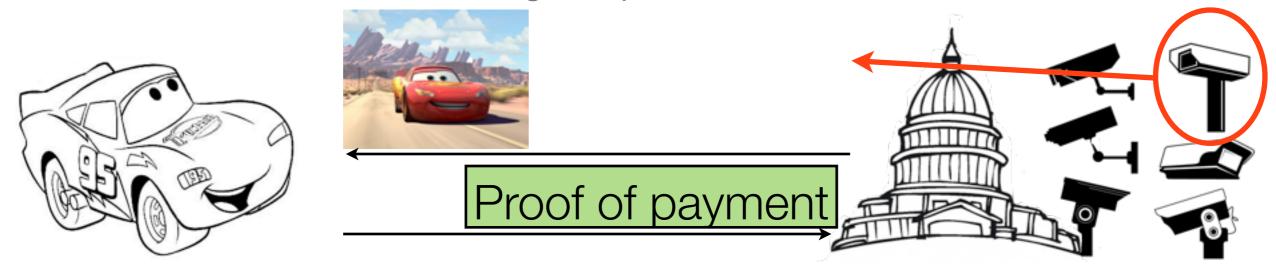
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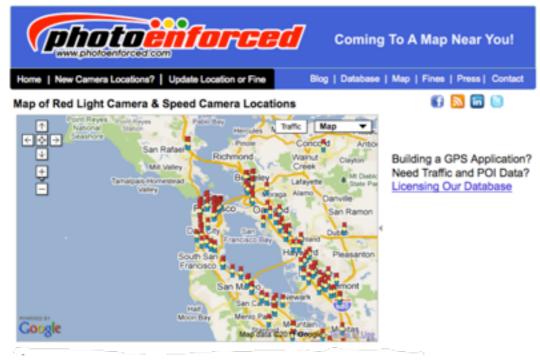
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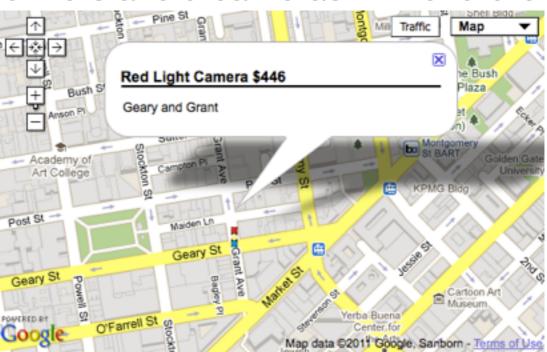


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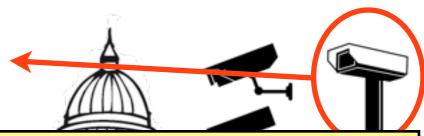




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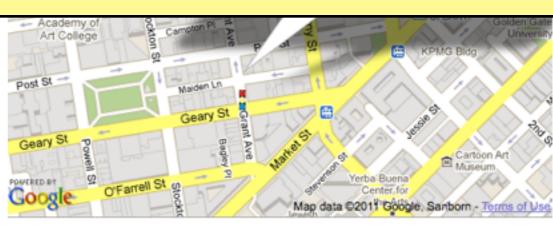


USENIX Security 2011: Milo

- Fine-grained policy: uses same small road segments (where, when)
- Privacy: drivers commit to segments in a way similar to PrETP
- Honesty: audit protocol no longer reveals locations to drivers



Building a GPS Application' Need Traffic and POI Data? Licensing Our Database



Outline

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Cryptographic background

Outline

Cryptographic background

Milo

Outline

Cryptographic background

Milo

Evaluation

Outline

Cryptographic background Milo Evaluation Conclusions

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Cryptographic background

Commitment schemes
Zero-knowledge proofs
Blind identity-based encryption

Milo

Evaluation

Conclusions





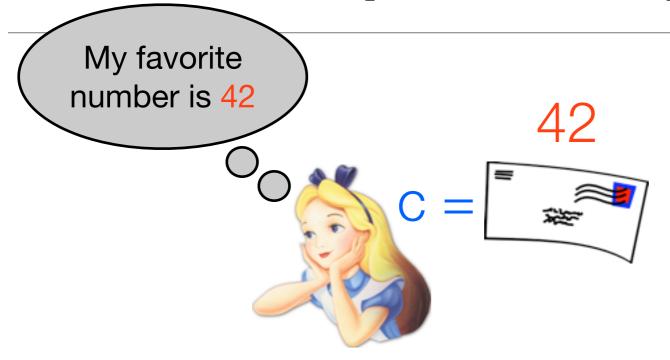
My favorite number is 42





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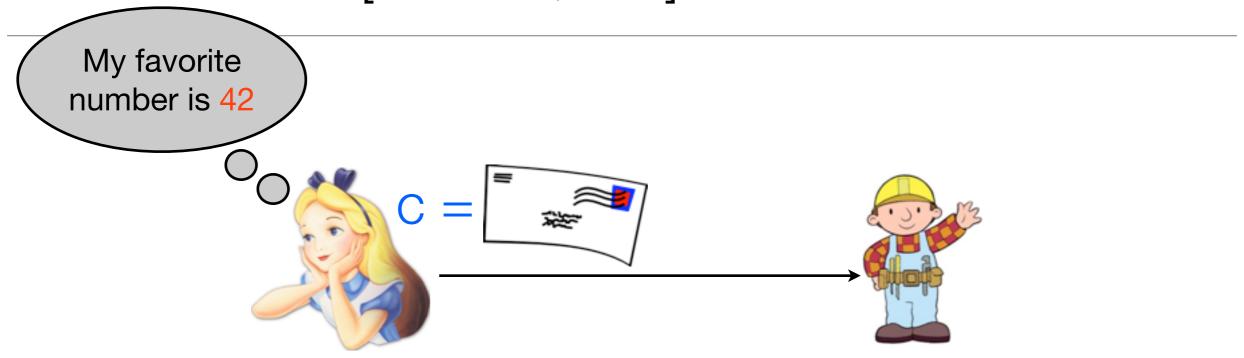
42

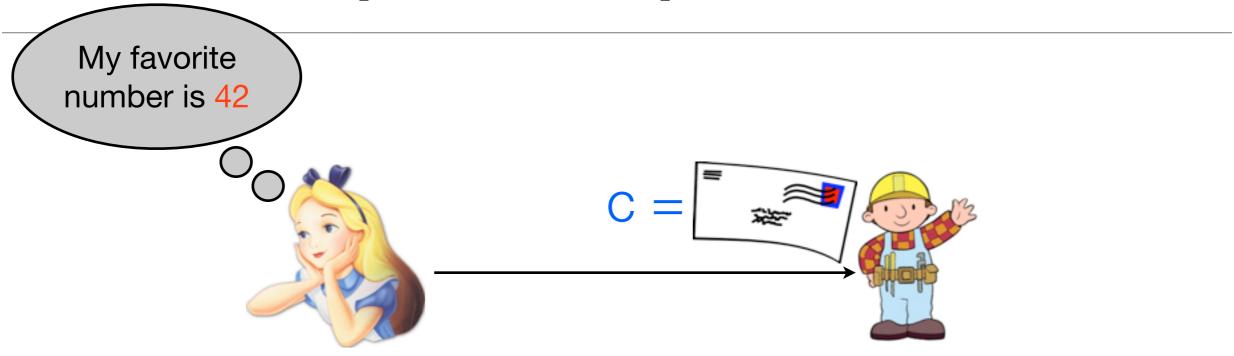


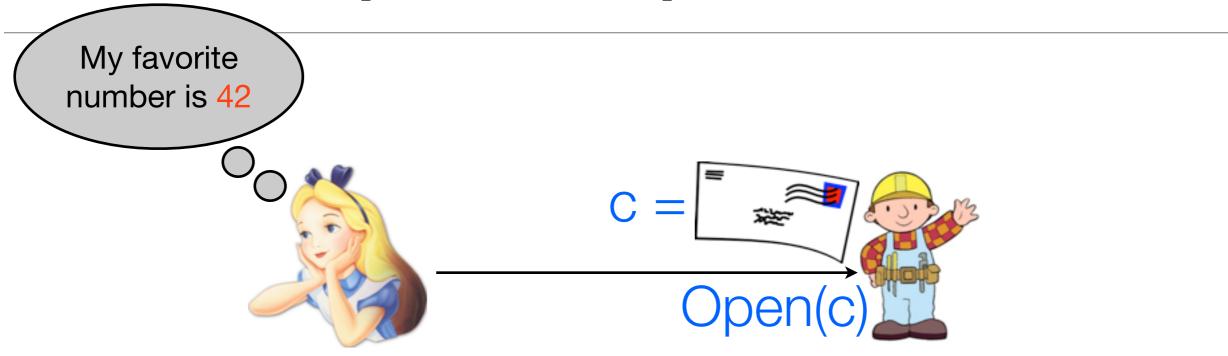


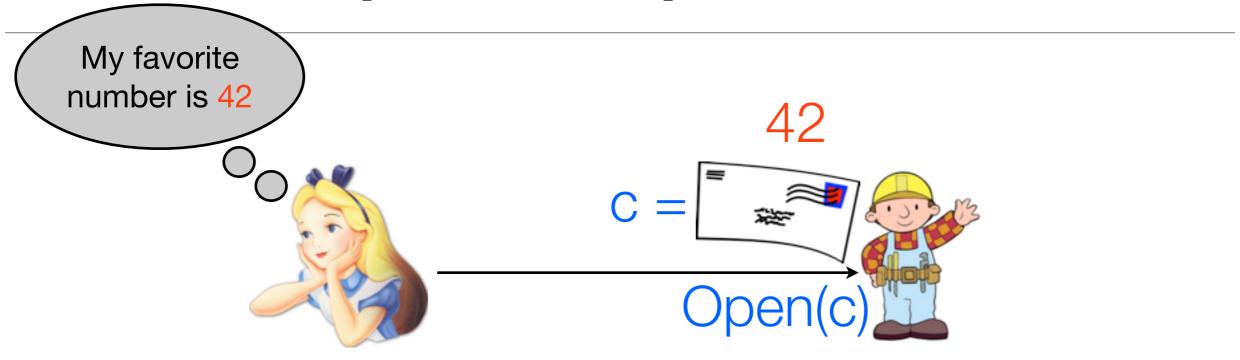
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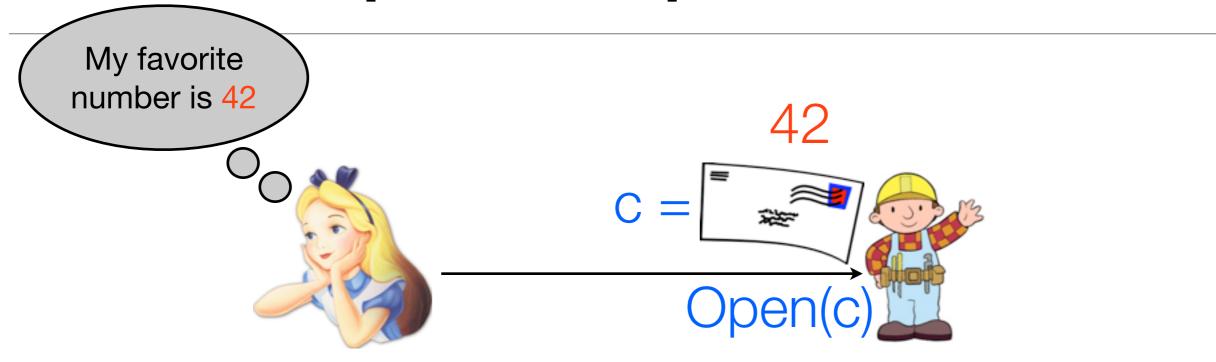




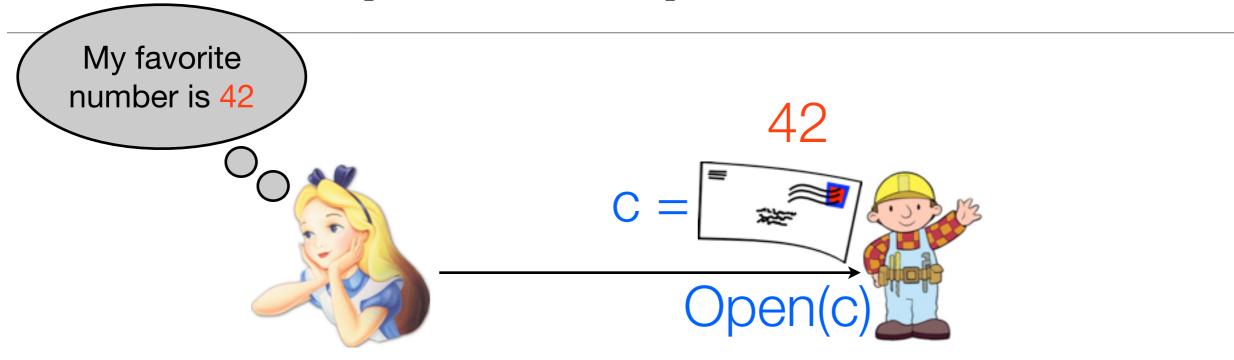






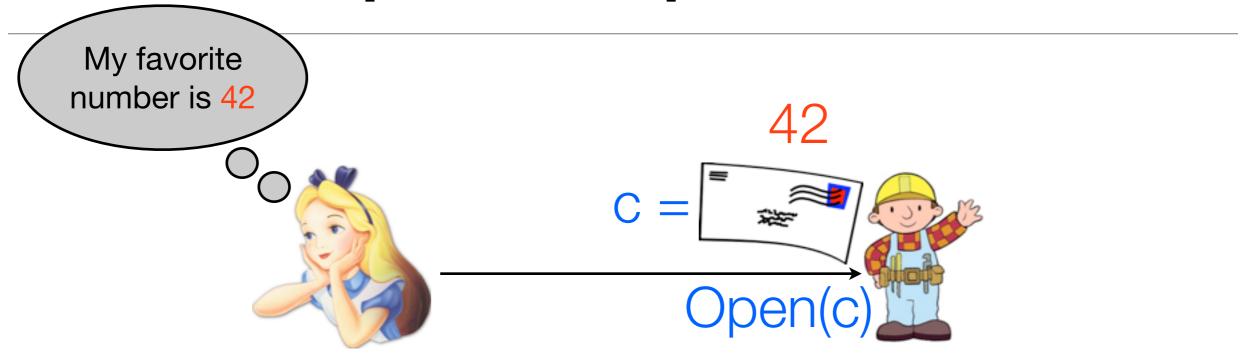


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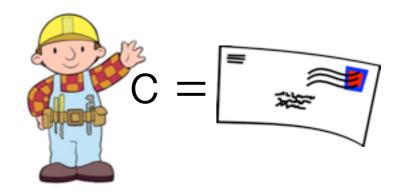
Hiding: Bob didn't know the value in c until Alice gave him Open(c)

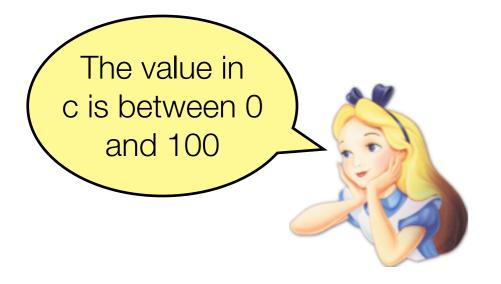


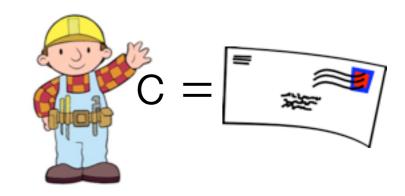
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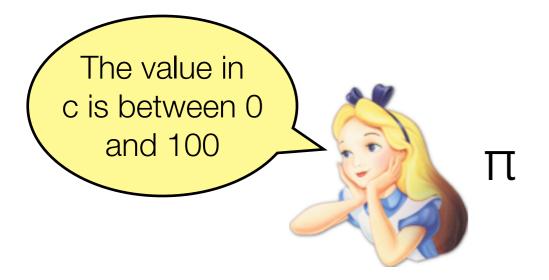
- Hiding: Bob didn't know the value in c until Alice gave him Open(c)
- Binding: Alice couldn't change the value in c after giving Bob the envelope

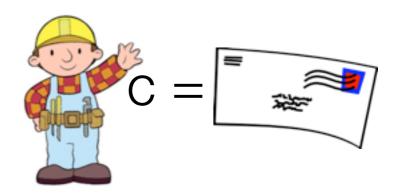


















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Zero-knowledge proofs are much more general than this, but this range proof is the only type we will need

Regular [S84,BF01,C01]:





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c = Enc("Bob", m)



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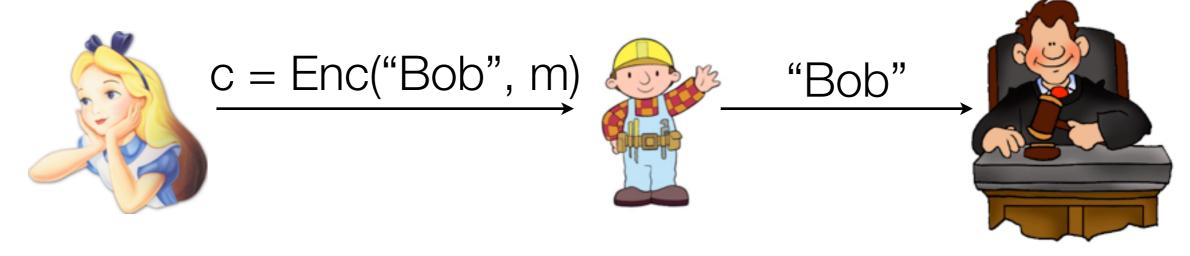


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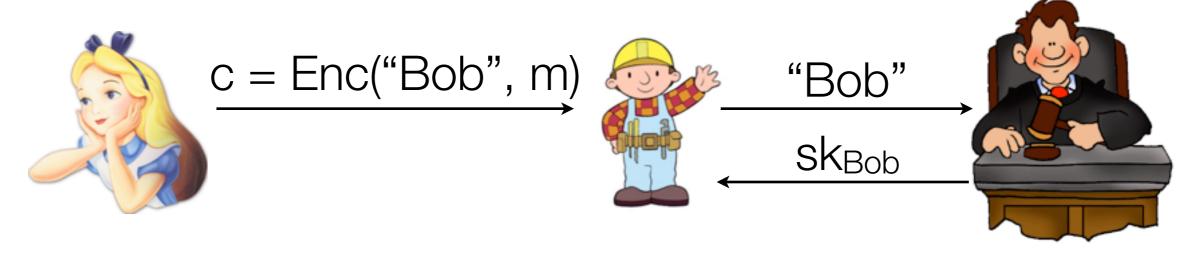




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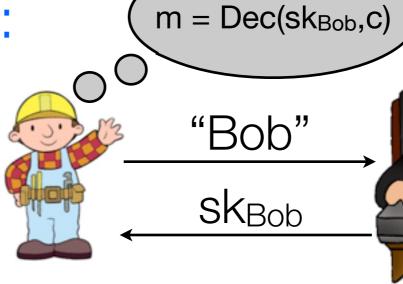


Regular [S84,BF01,C01]: $m = Dec(sk_{Bob},c)$ c = Enc("Bob", m) sk_{Bob}

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Blind [GH07]:



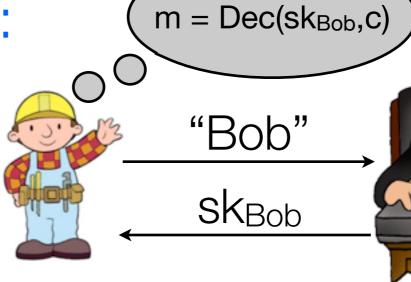




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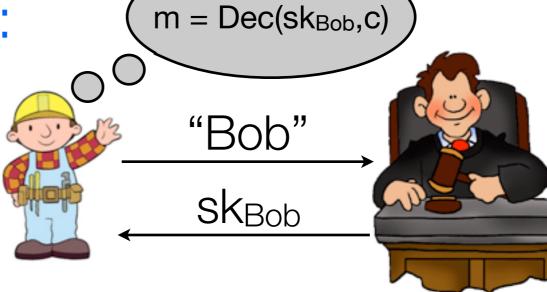




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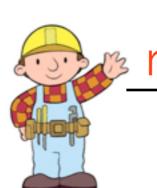
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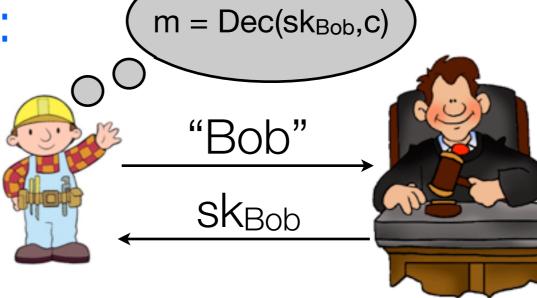
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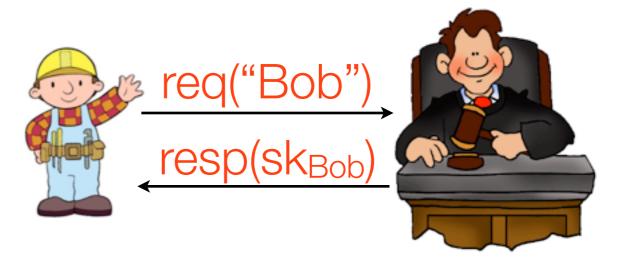
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Blind identity-based encryption (IBE)

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 $m = Dec(sk_{Bob},c)$

1. Extract sk_{Bob} from resp

2. $m = Dec(sk_{Bob},c)$

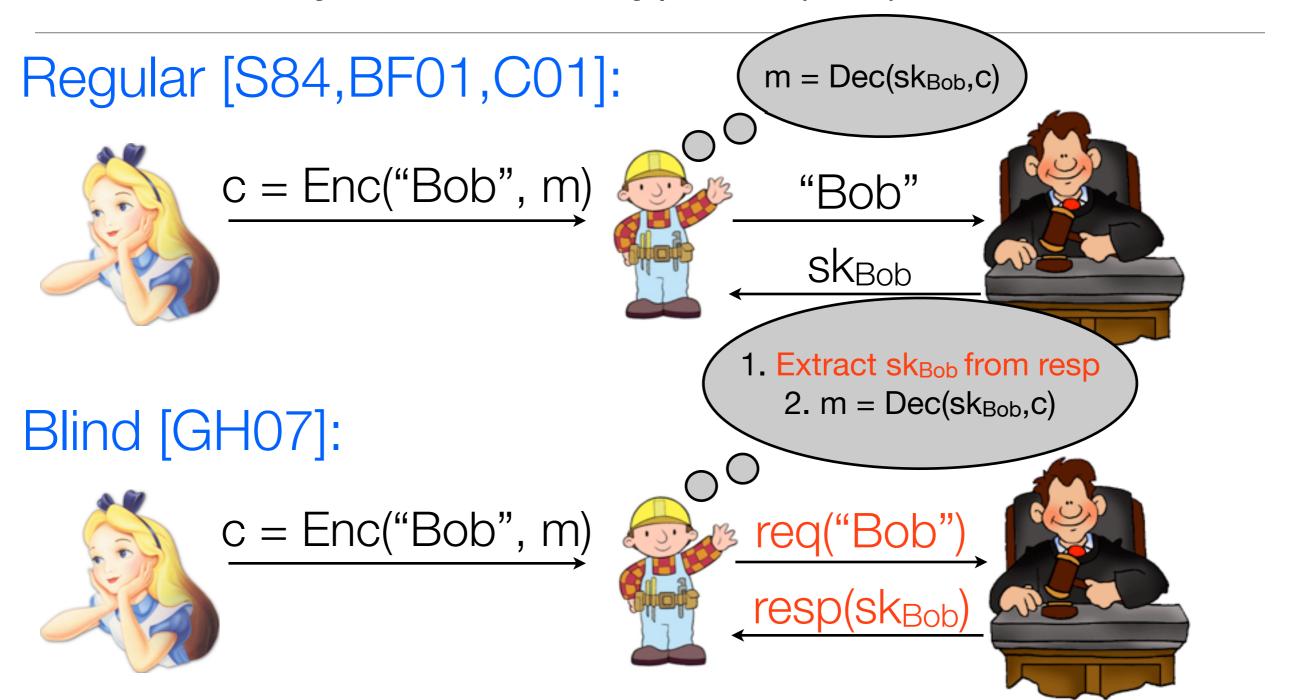
Blind [GH07]:



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req("Bob")
resp(skBob)

Blind identity-based encryption (IBE)



So the authority doesn't learn which key is being extracted

Outline

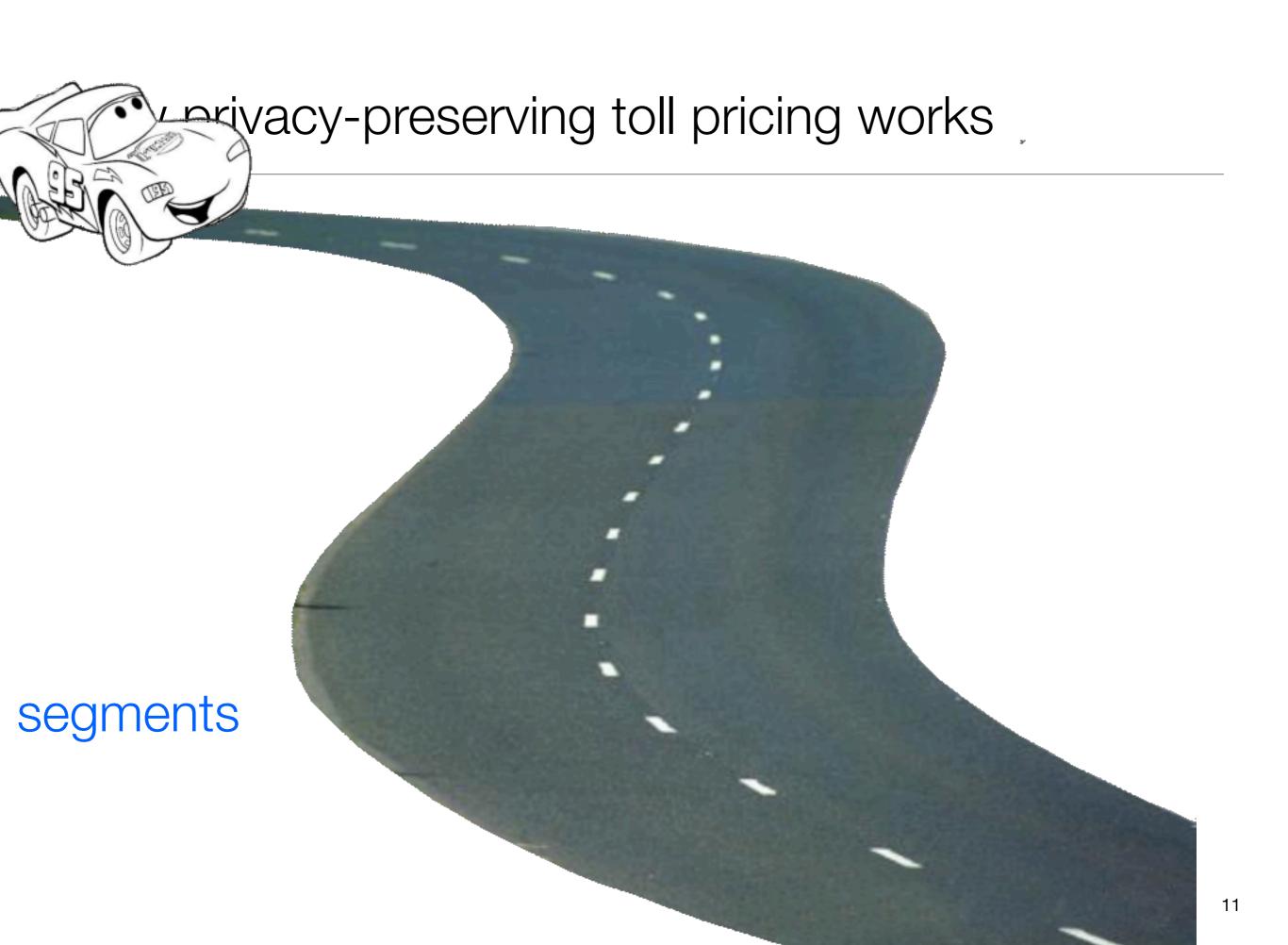
Cryptographic background

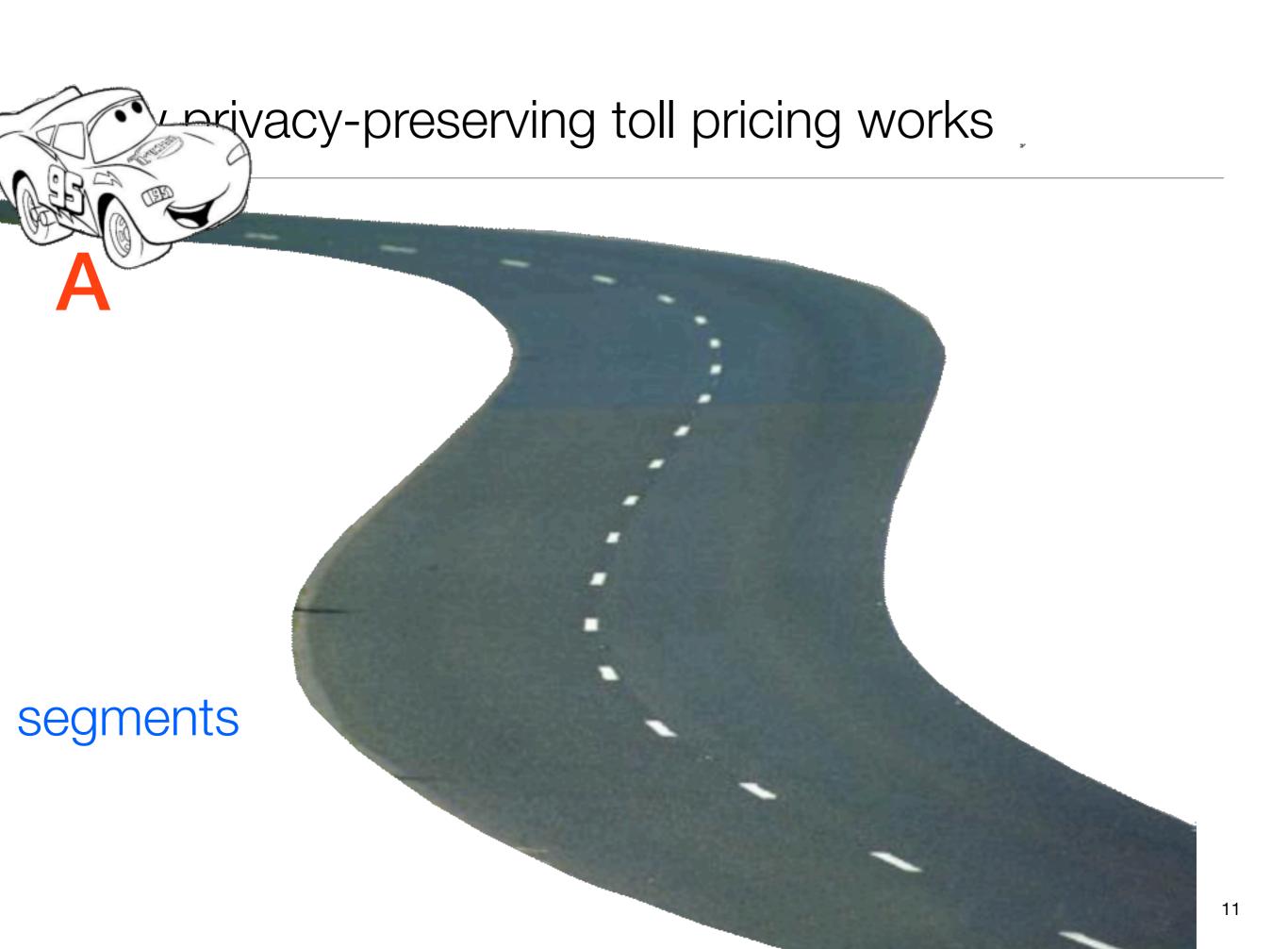
Milo

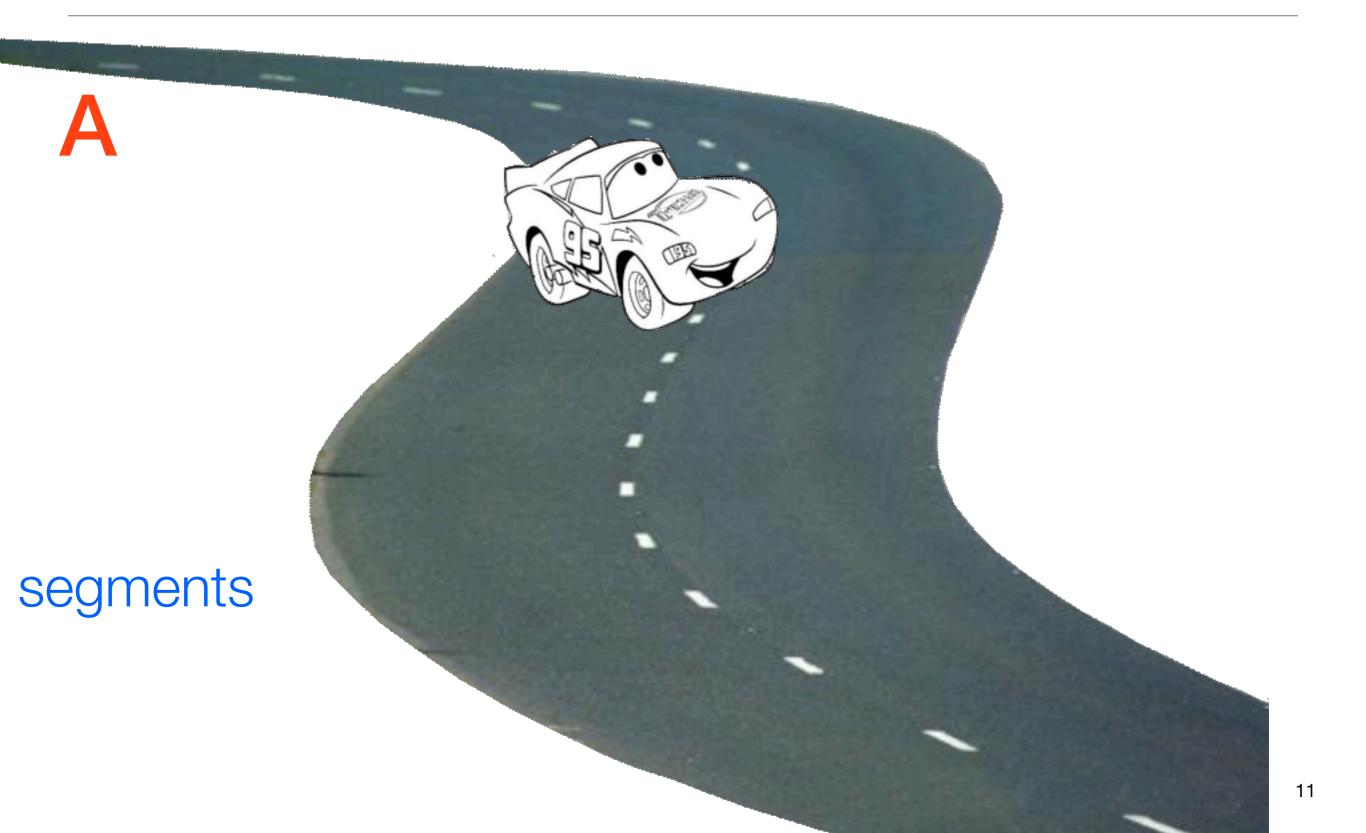
A generic toll collection system
A look back at (adapted) PrETP
A new Audit protocol

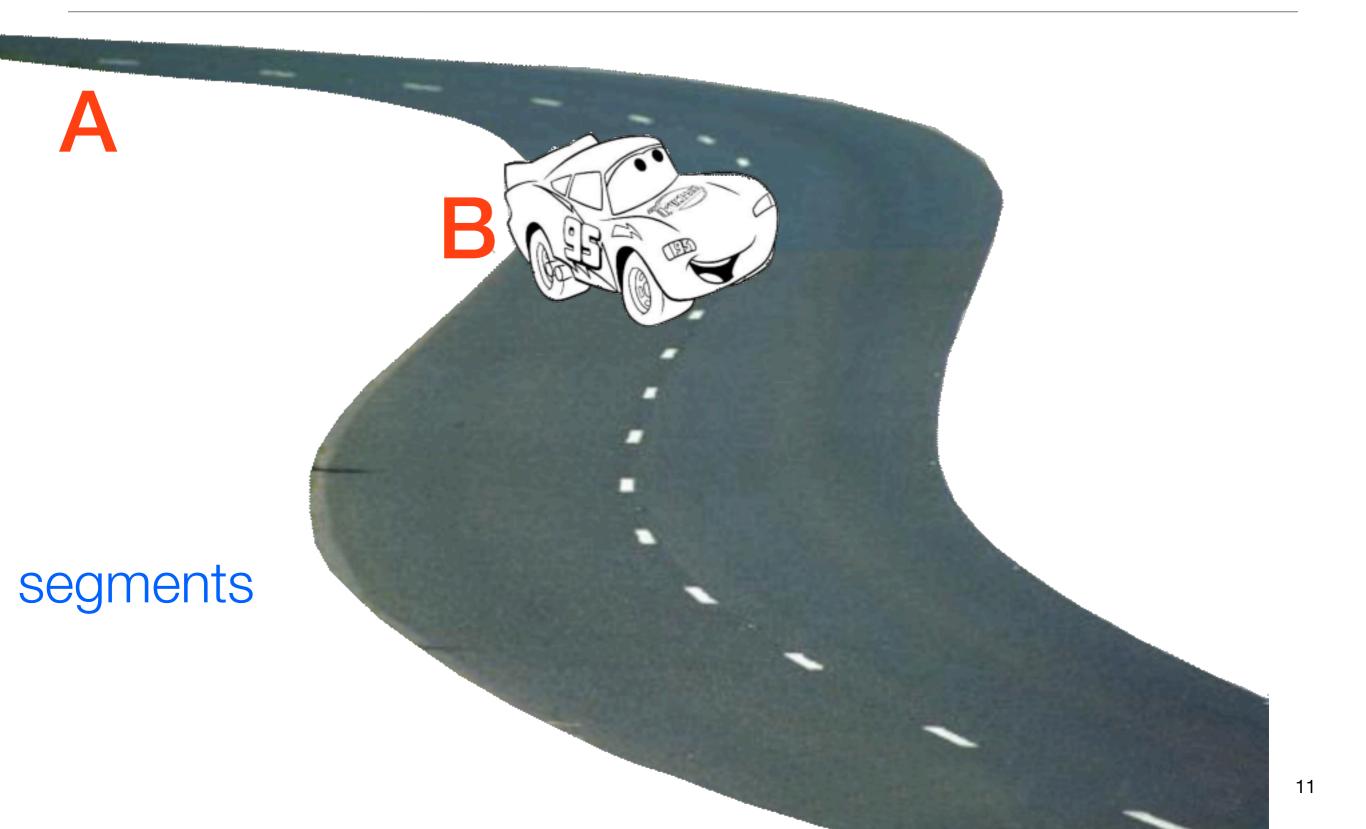
Evaluation

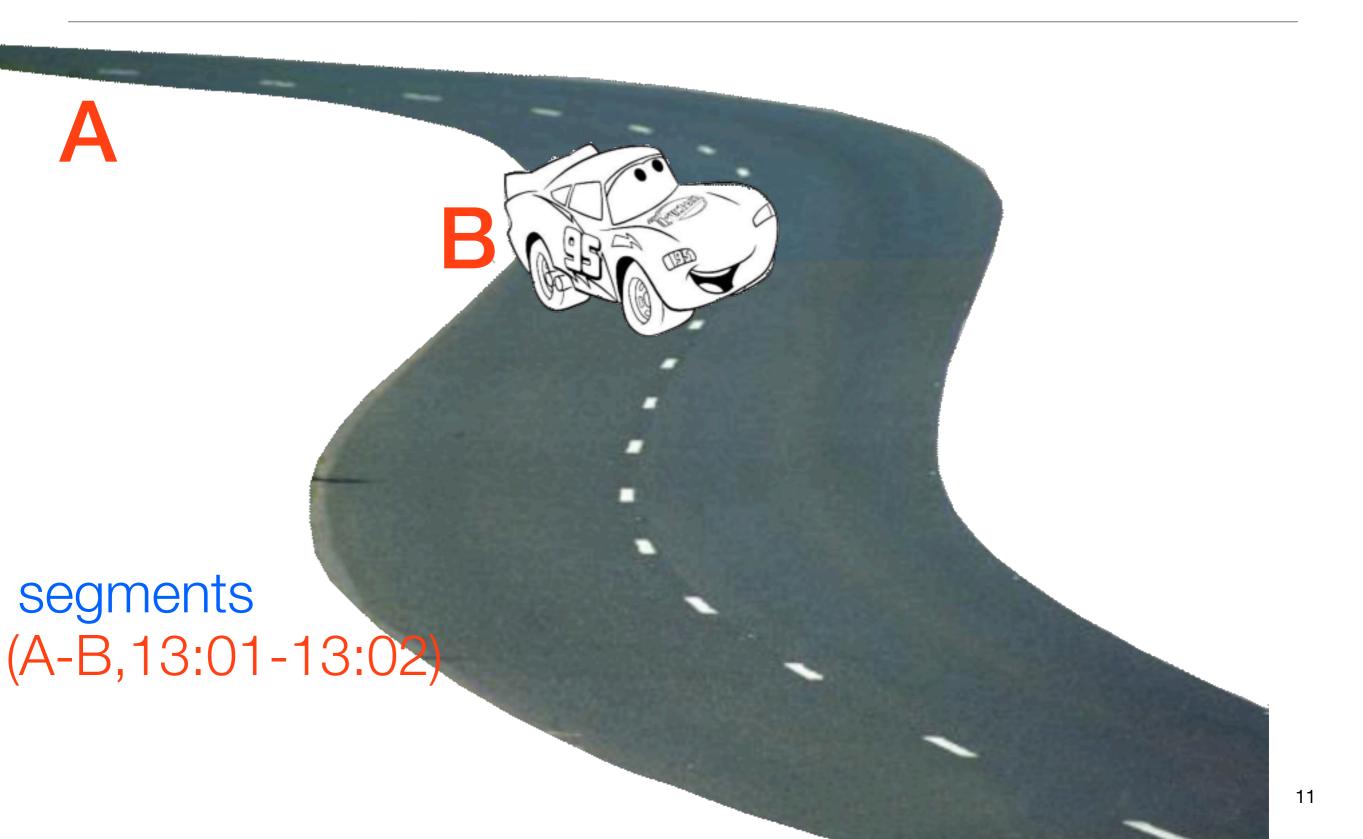
Conclusions

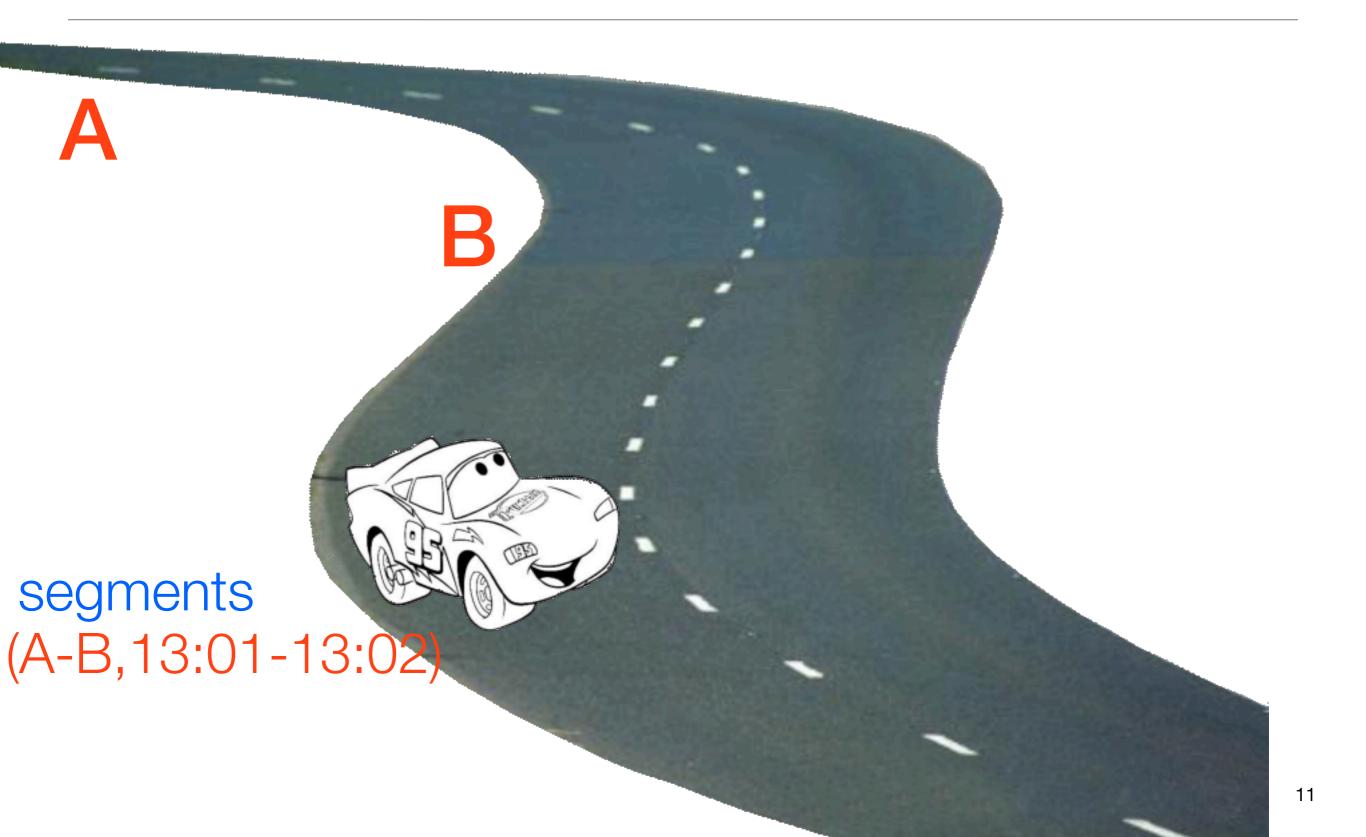


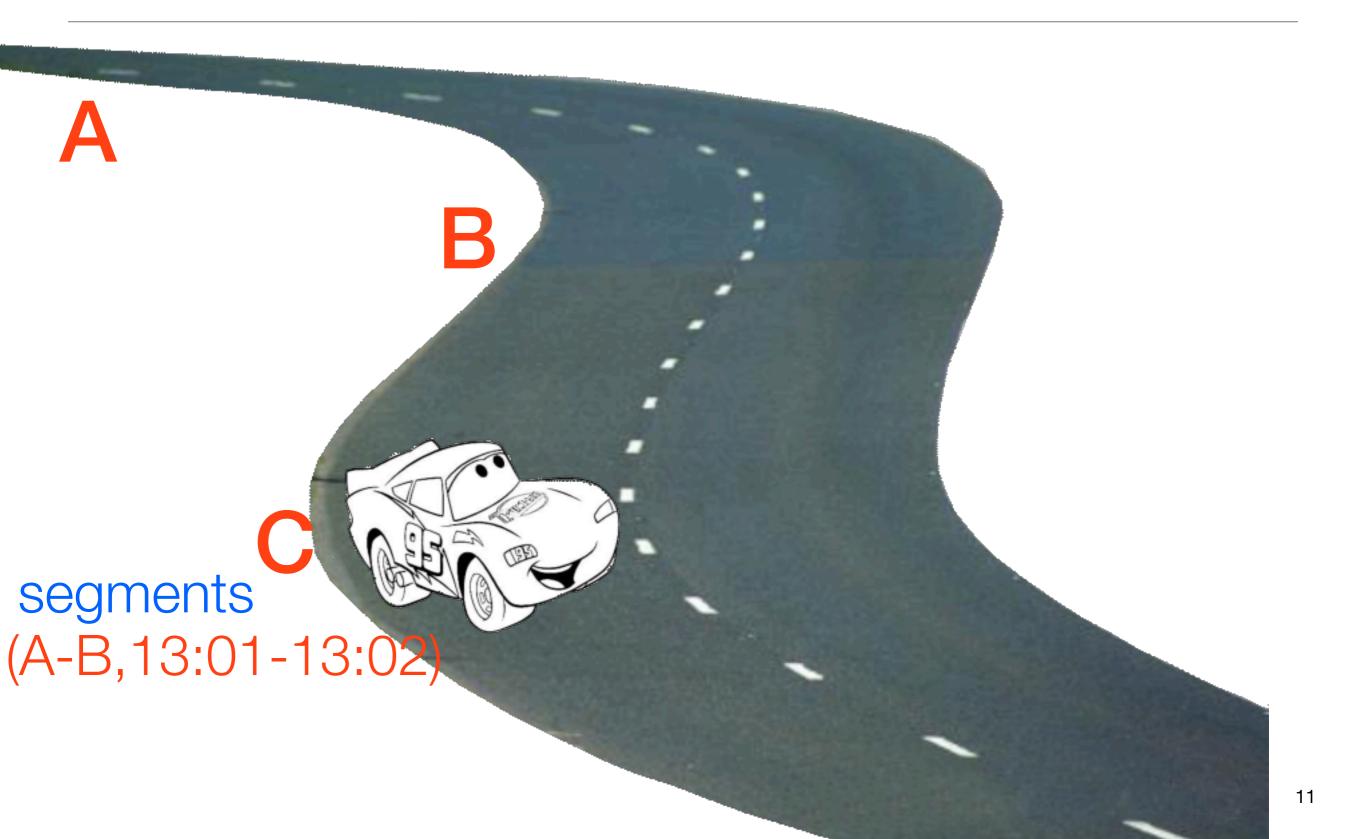


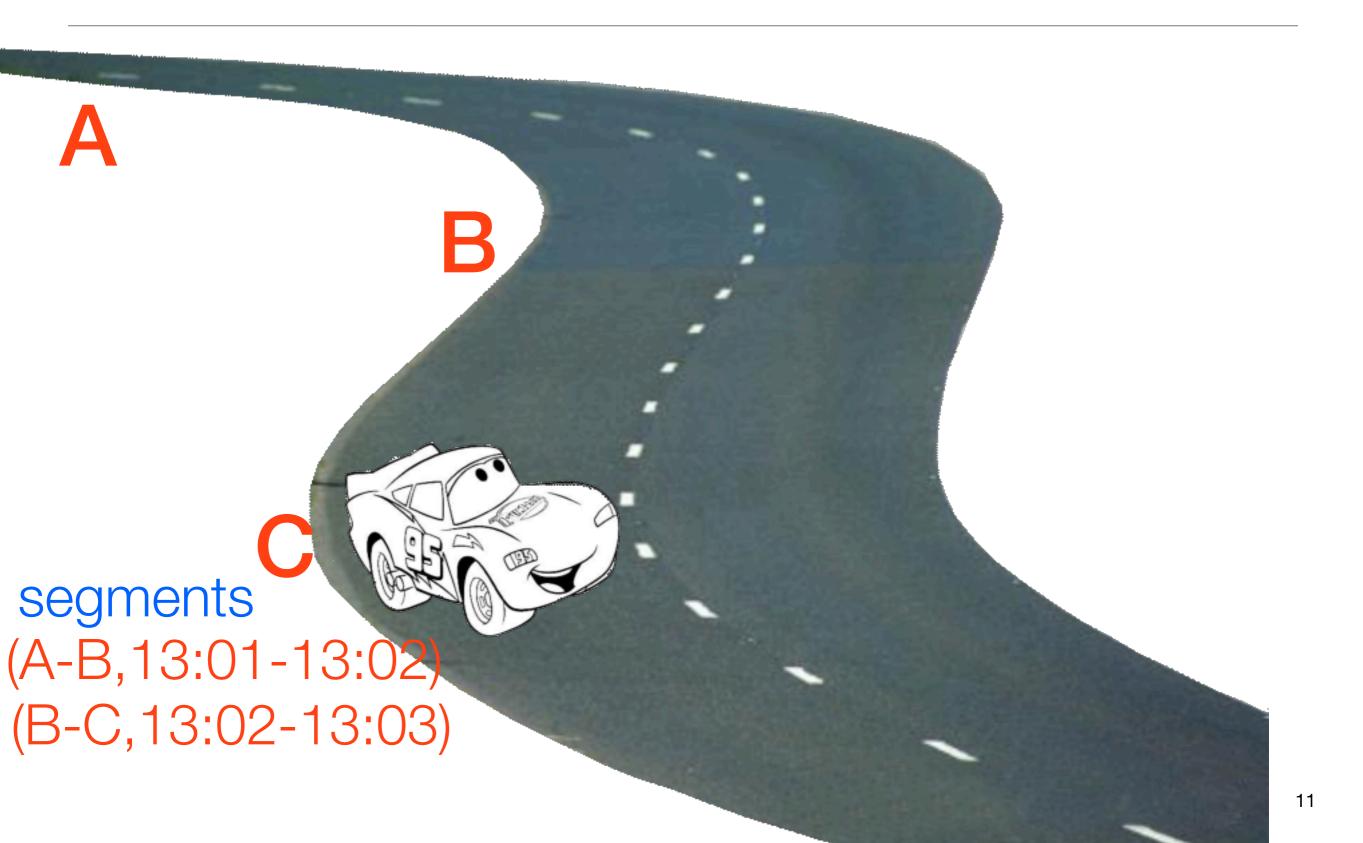


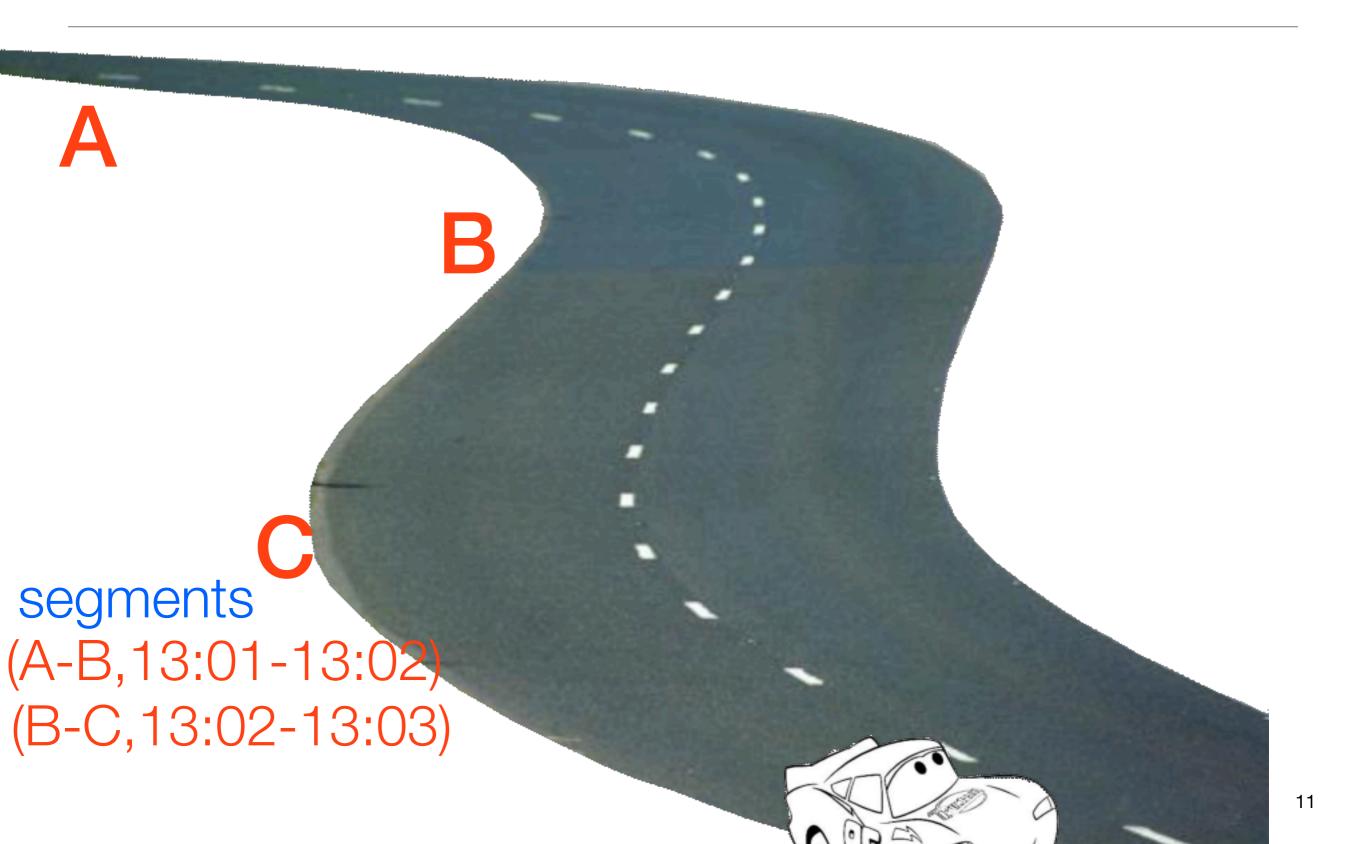


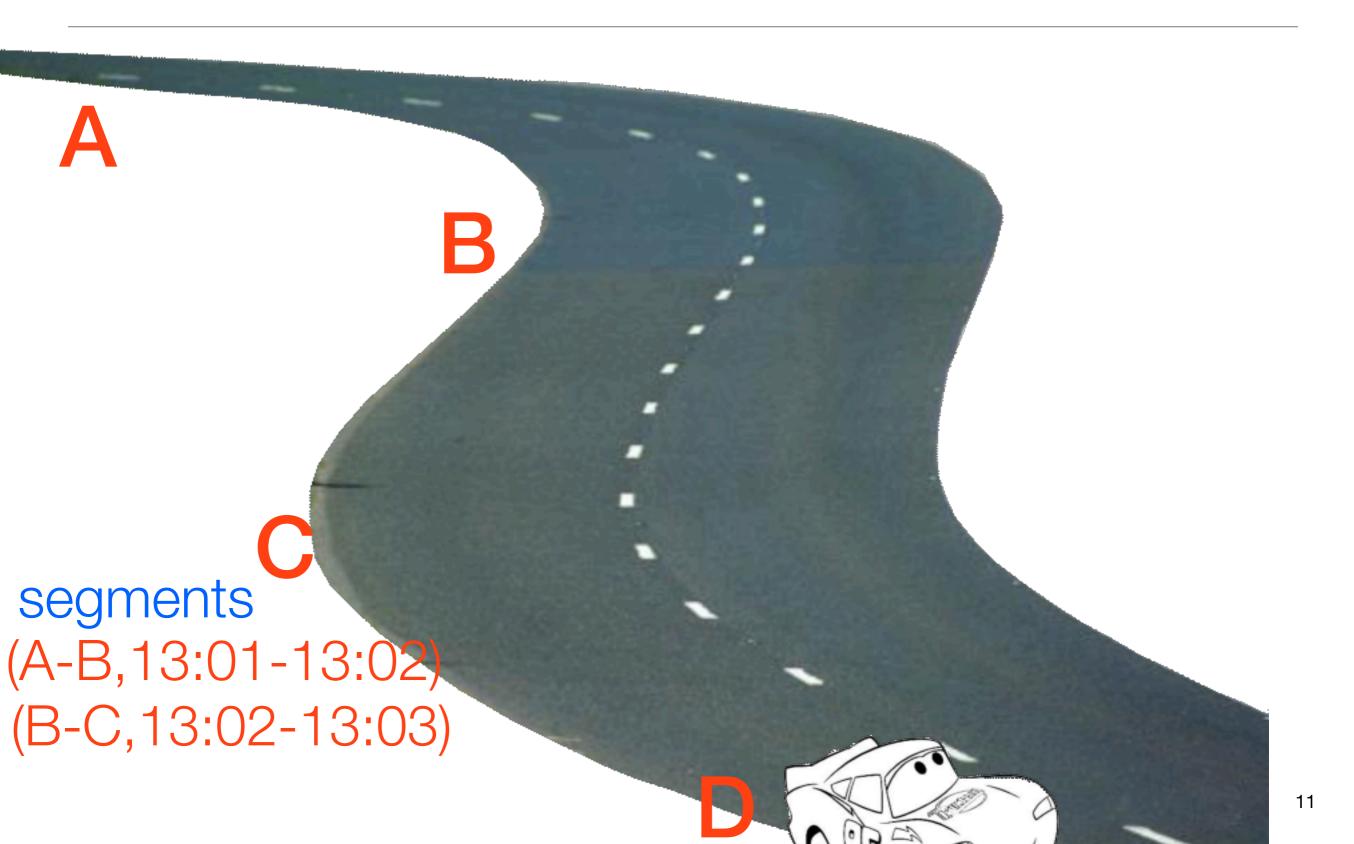


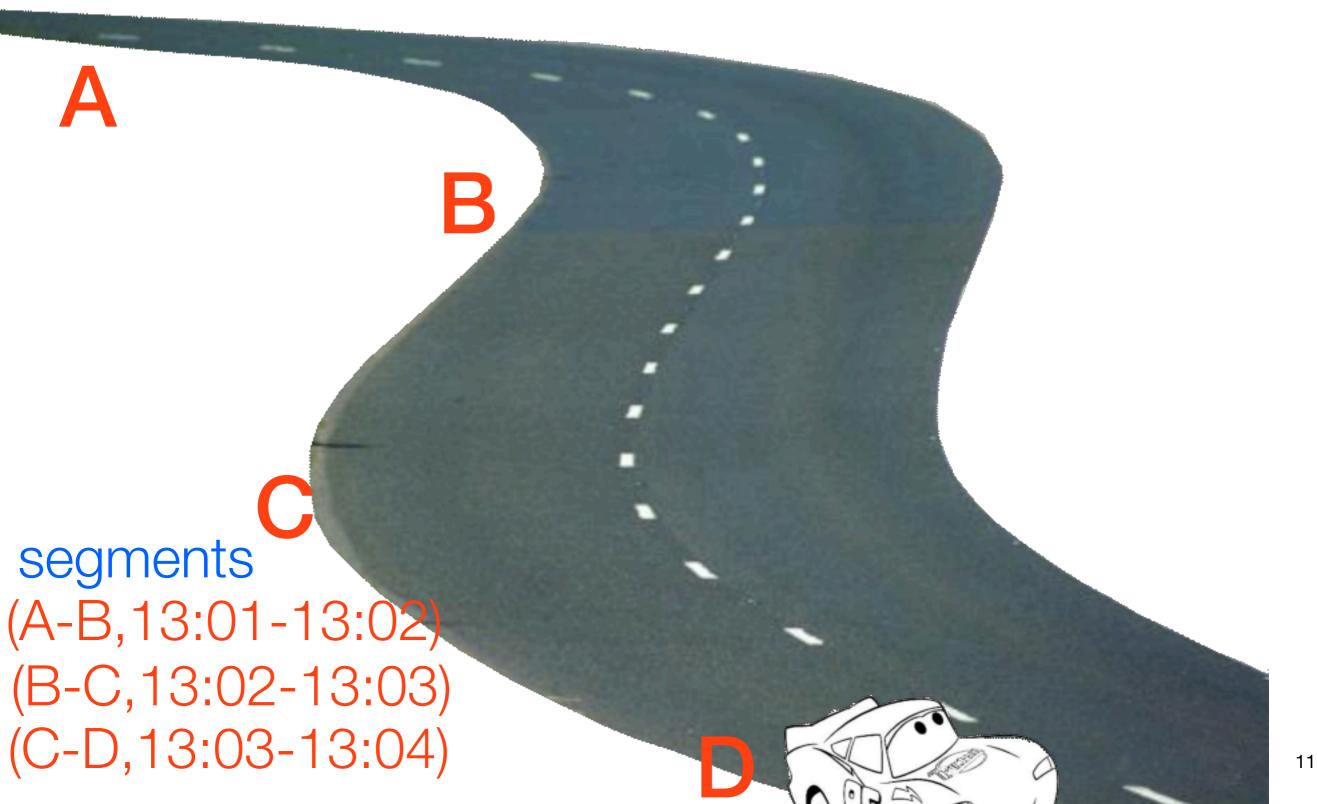


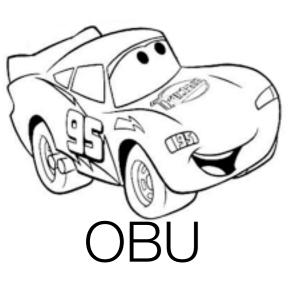


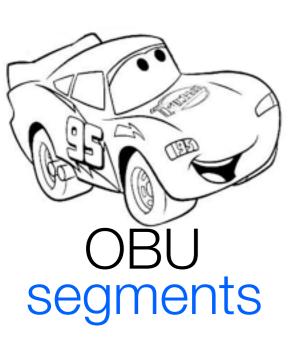




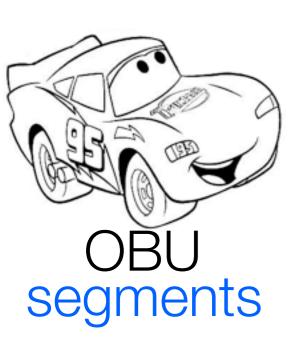




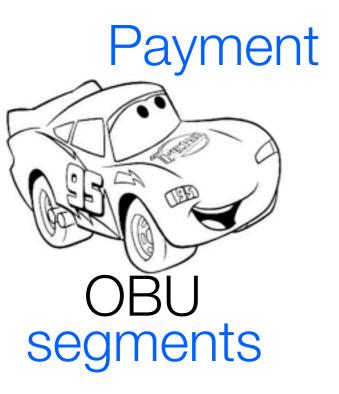


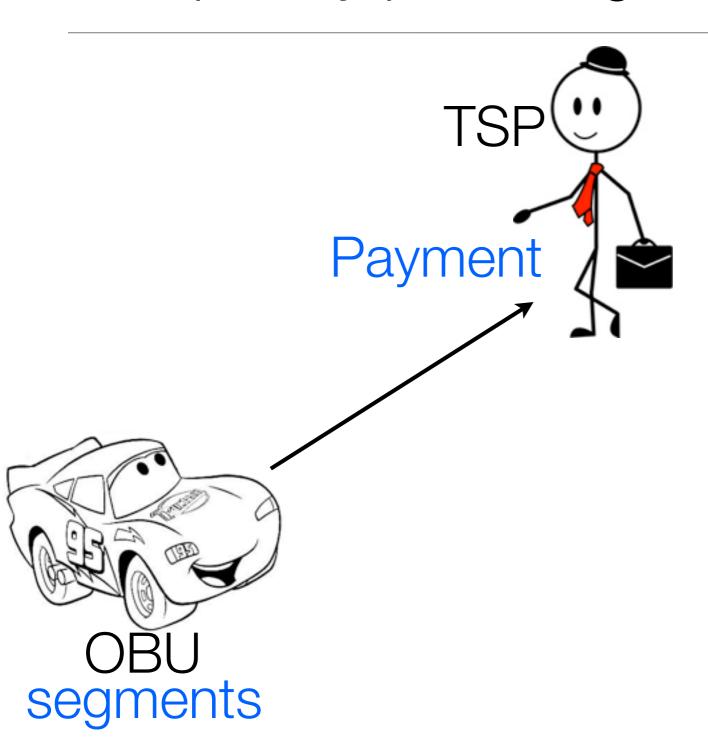






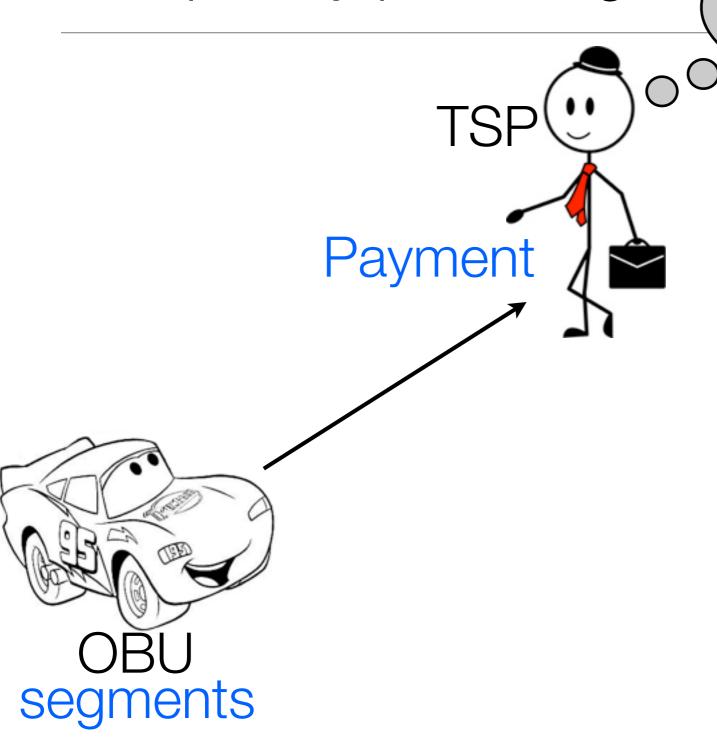






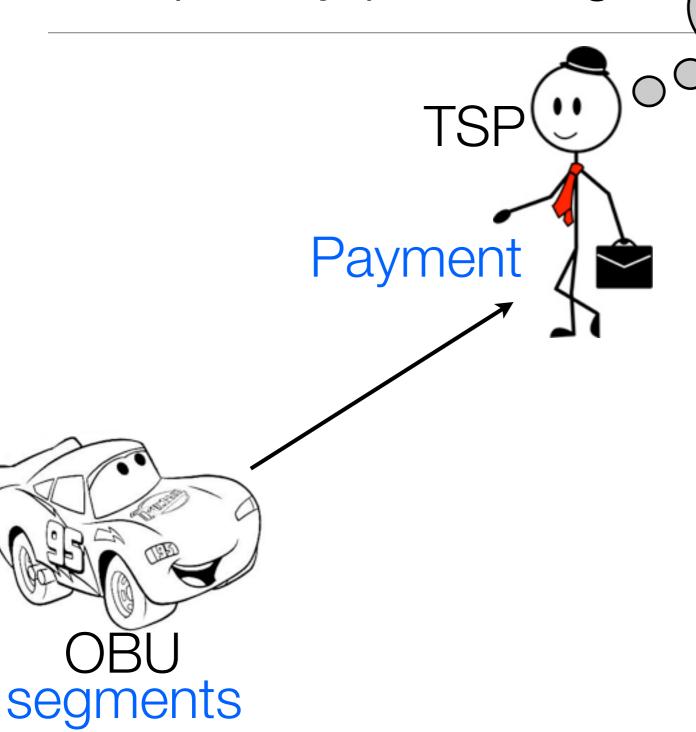
How privacy-preserving toll

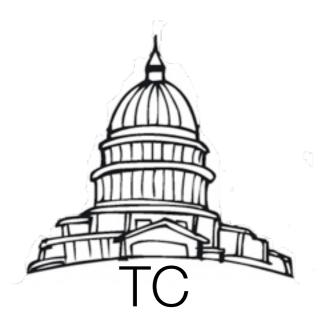
Check information and charge driver what they owe

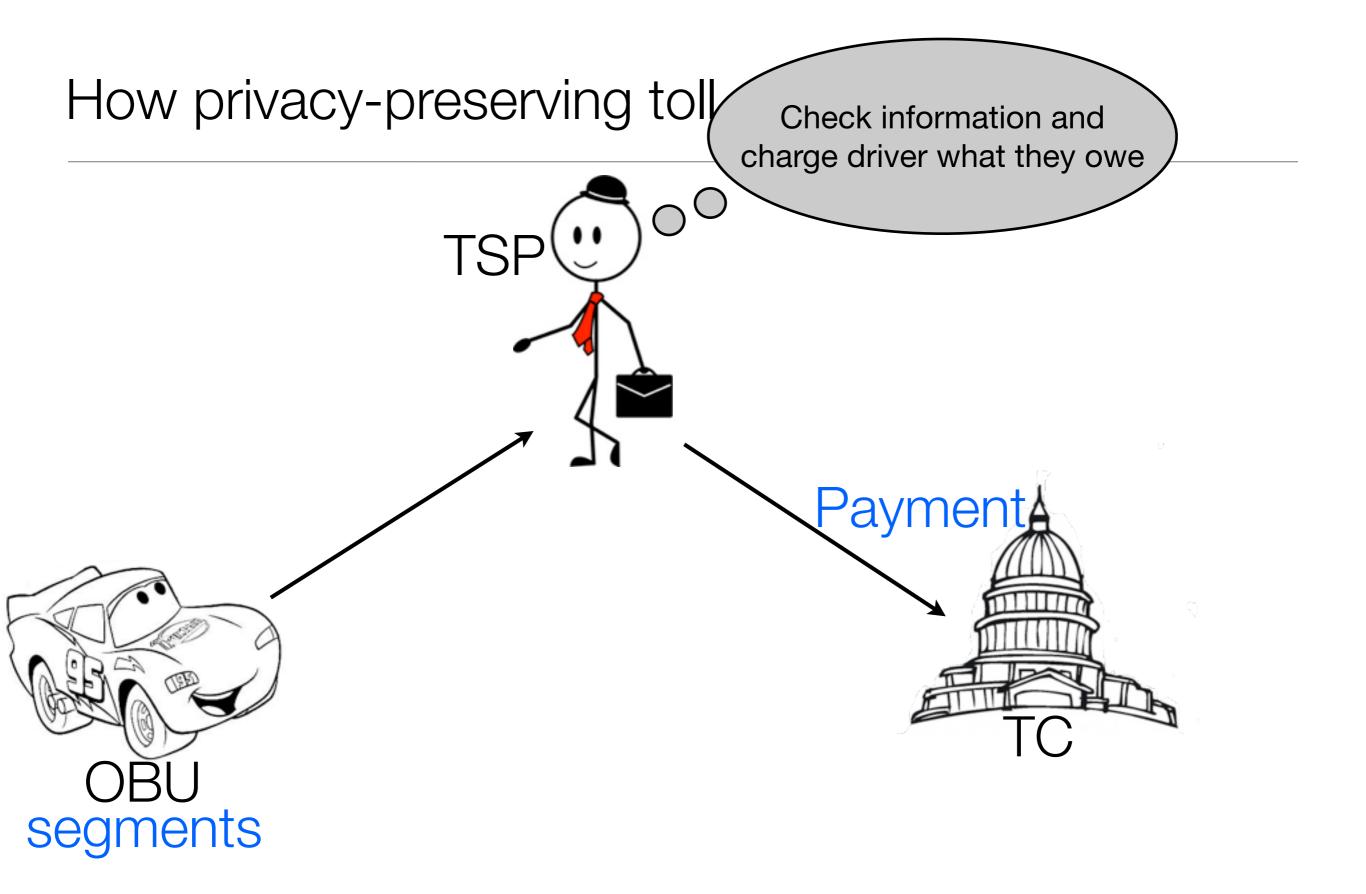


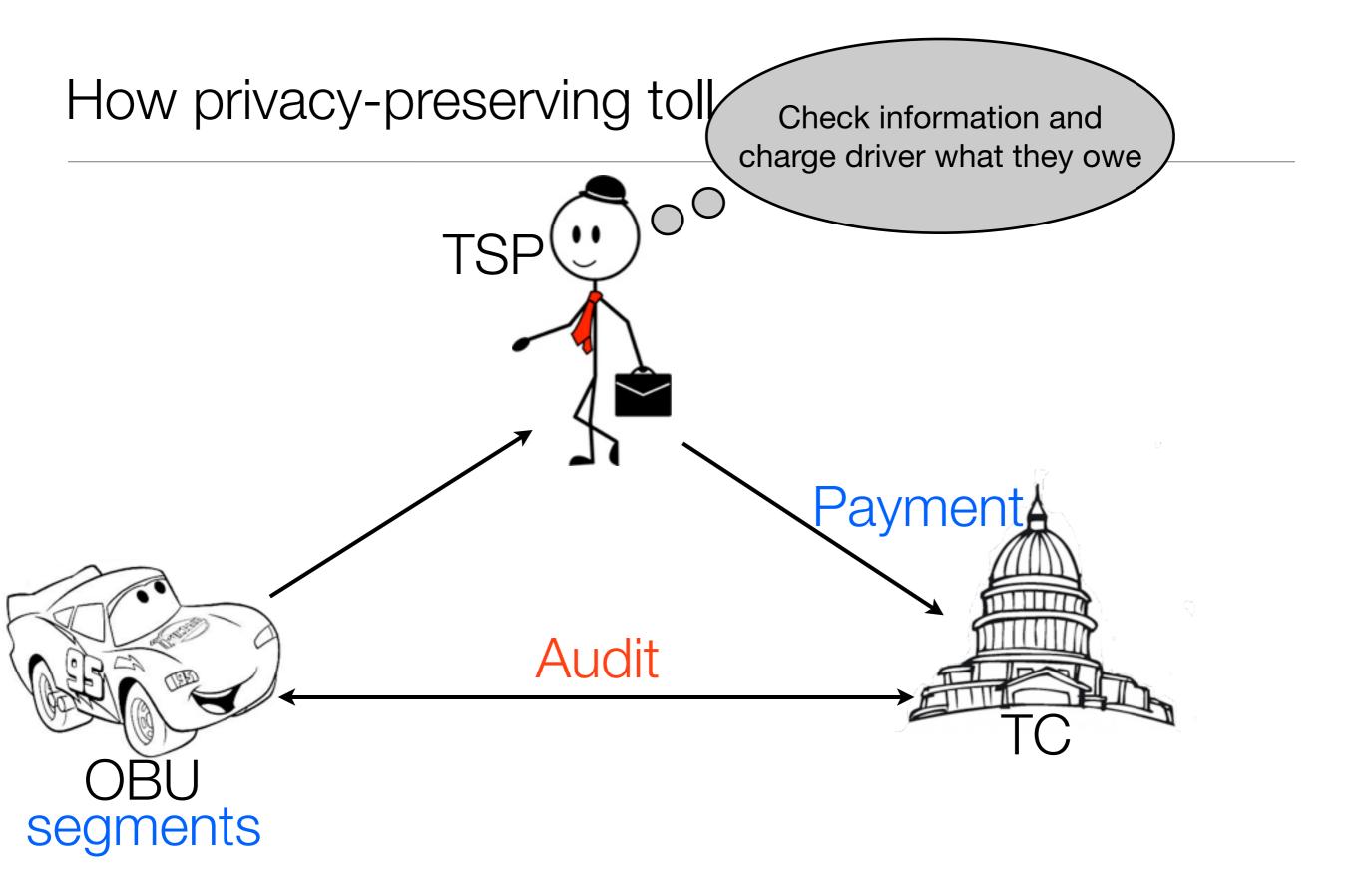
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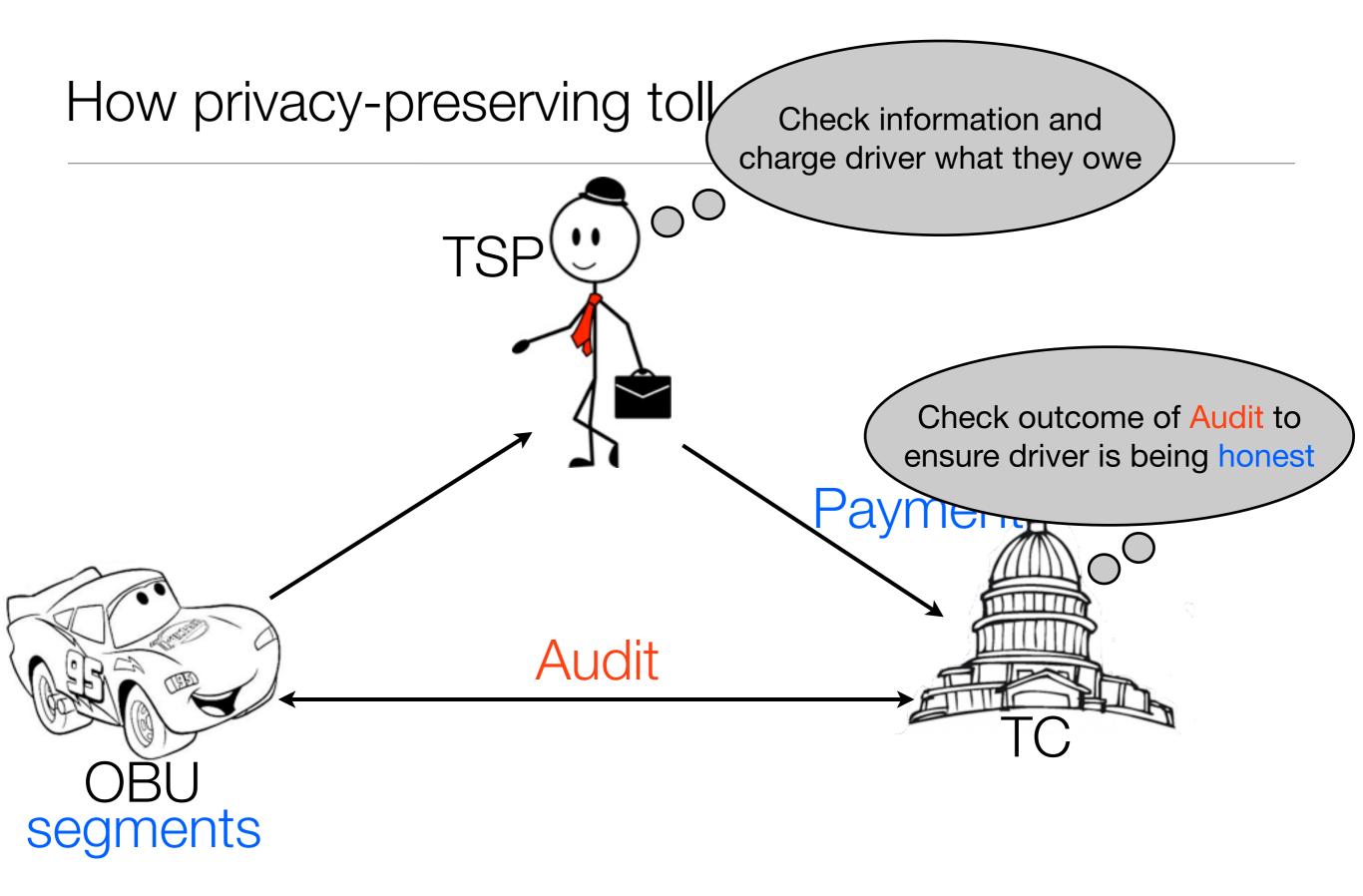
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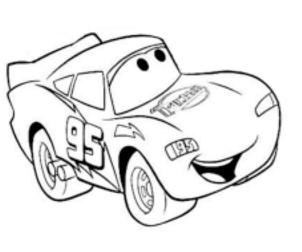






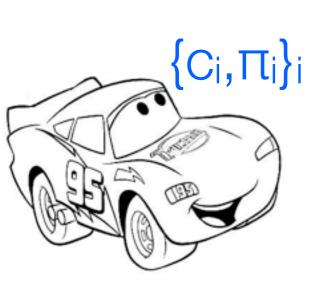




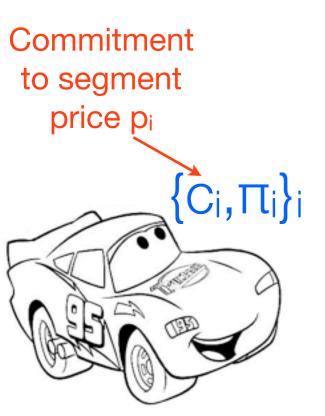




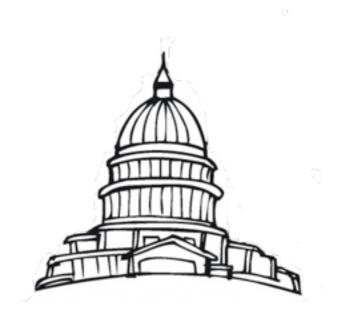


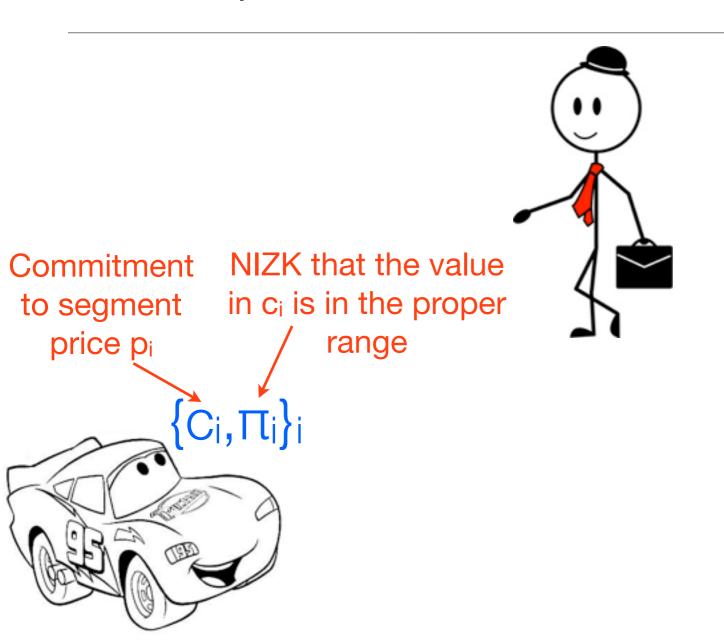




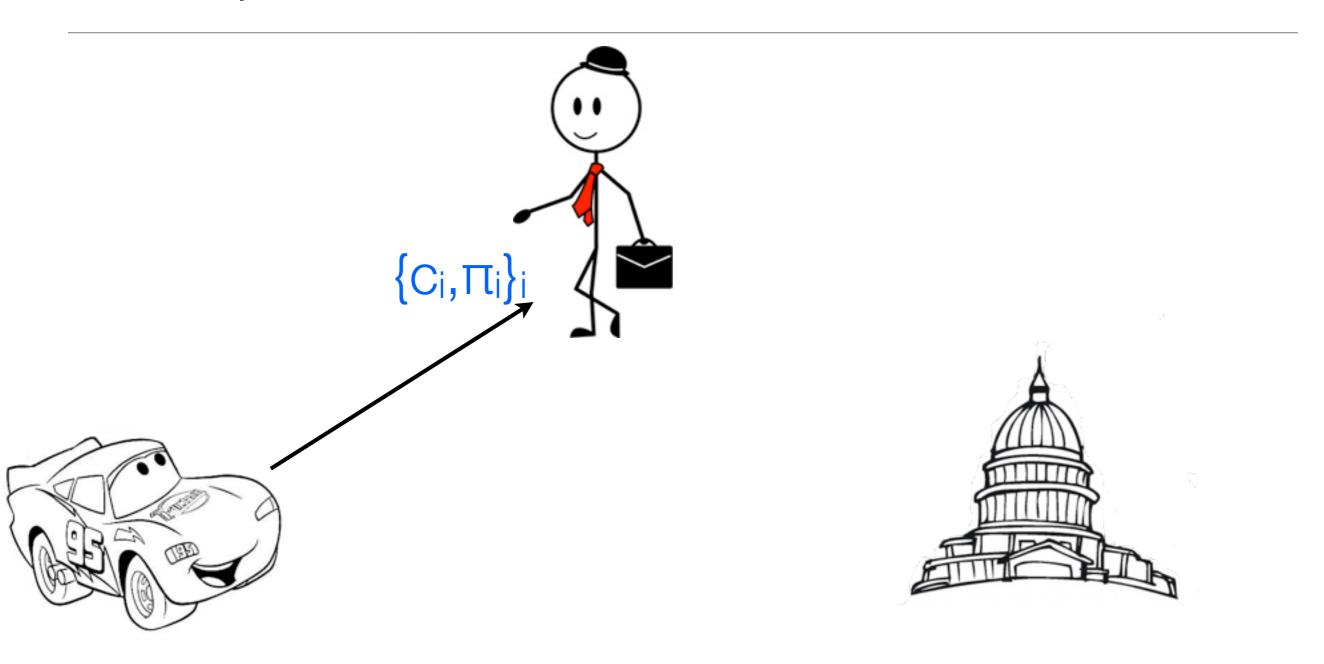


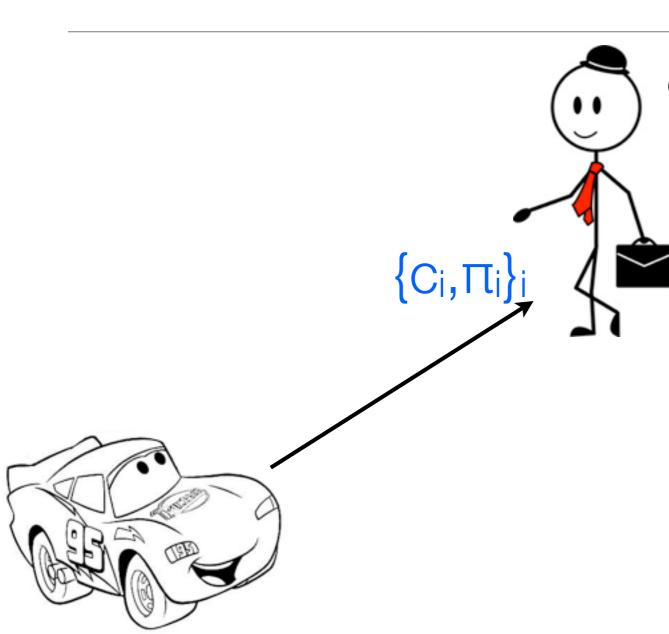






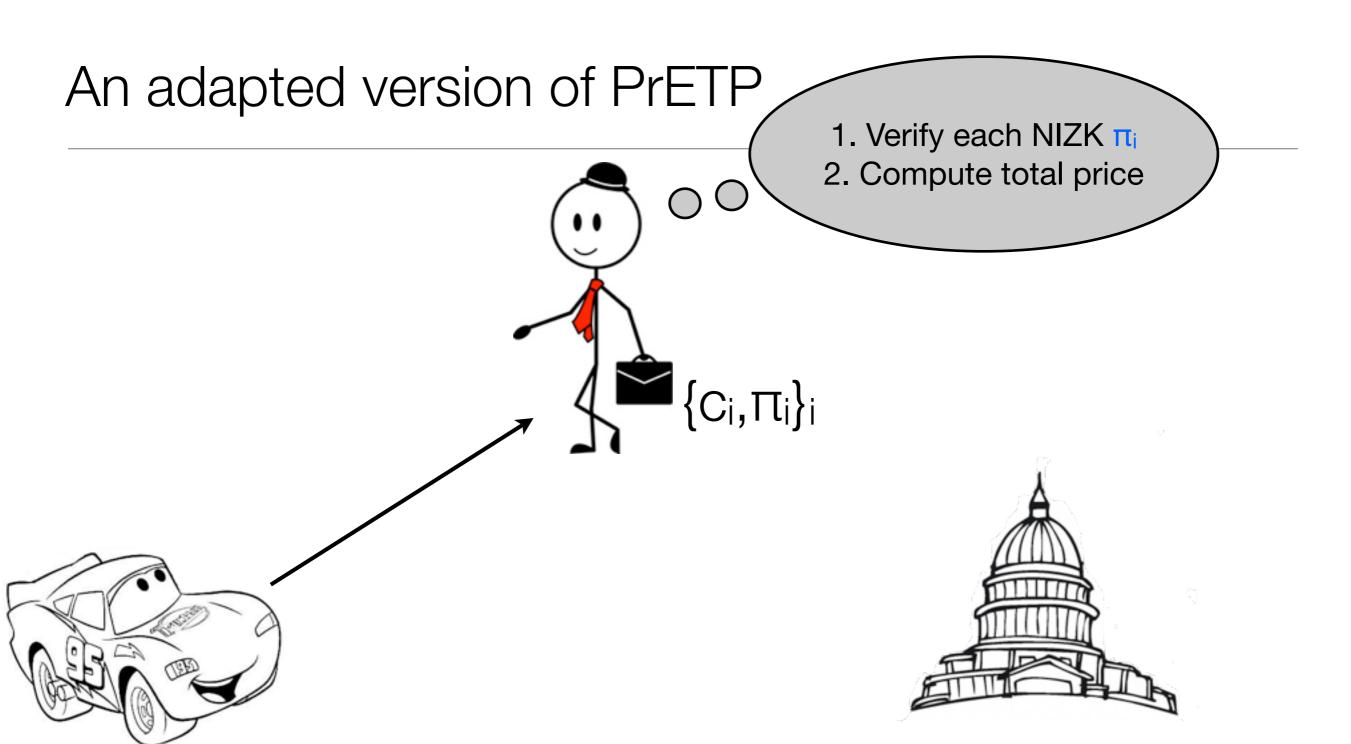


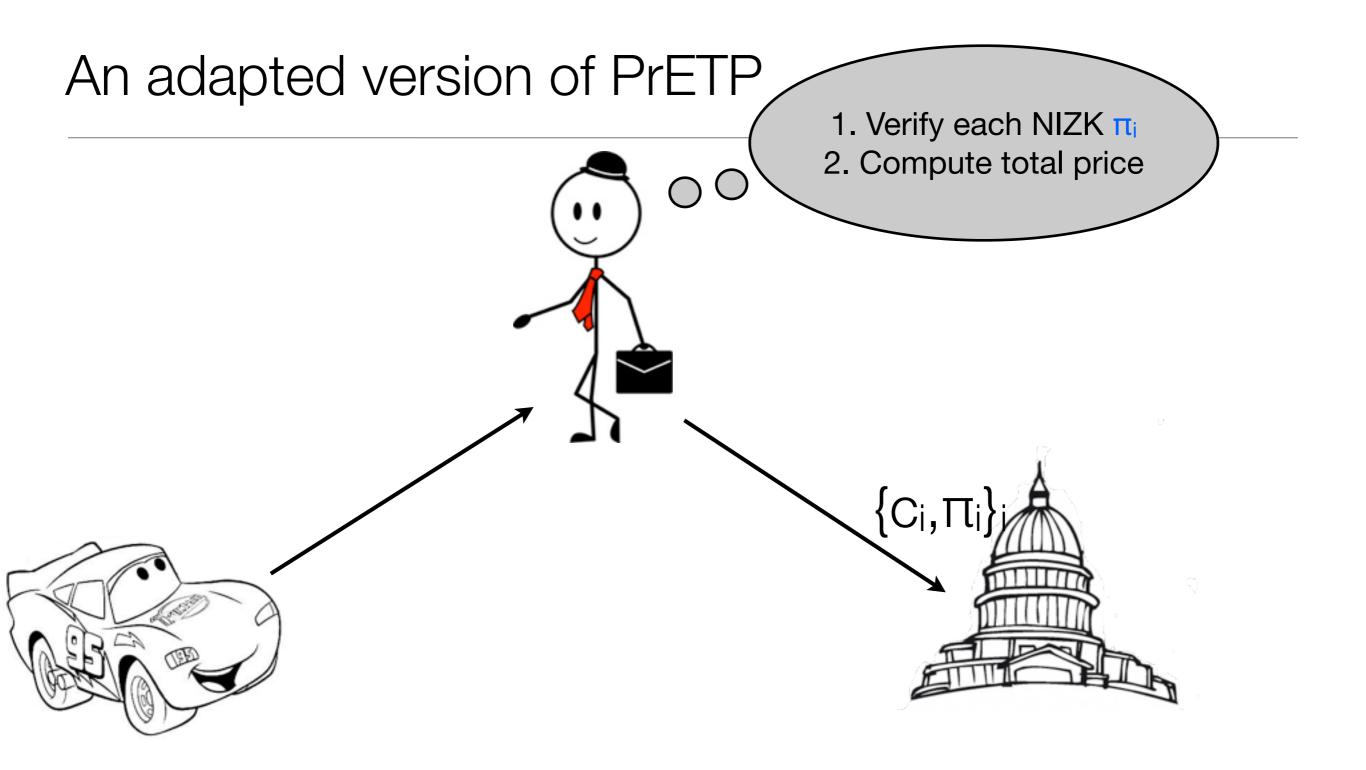


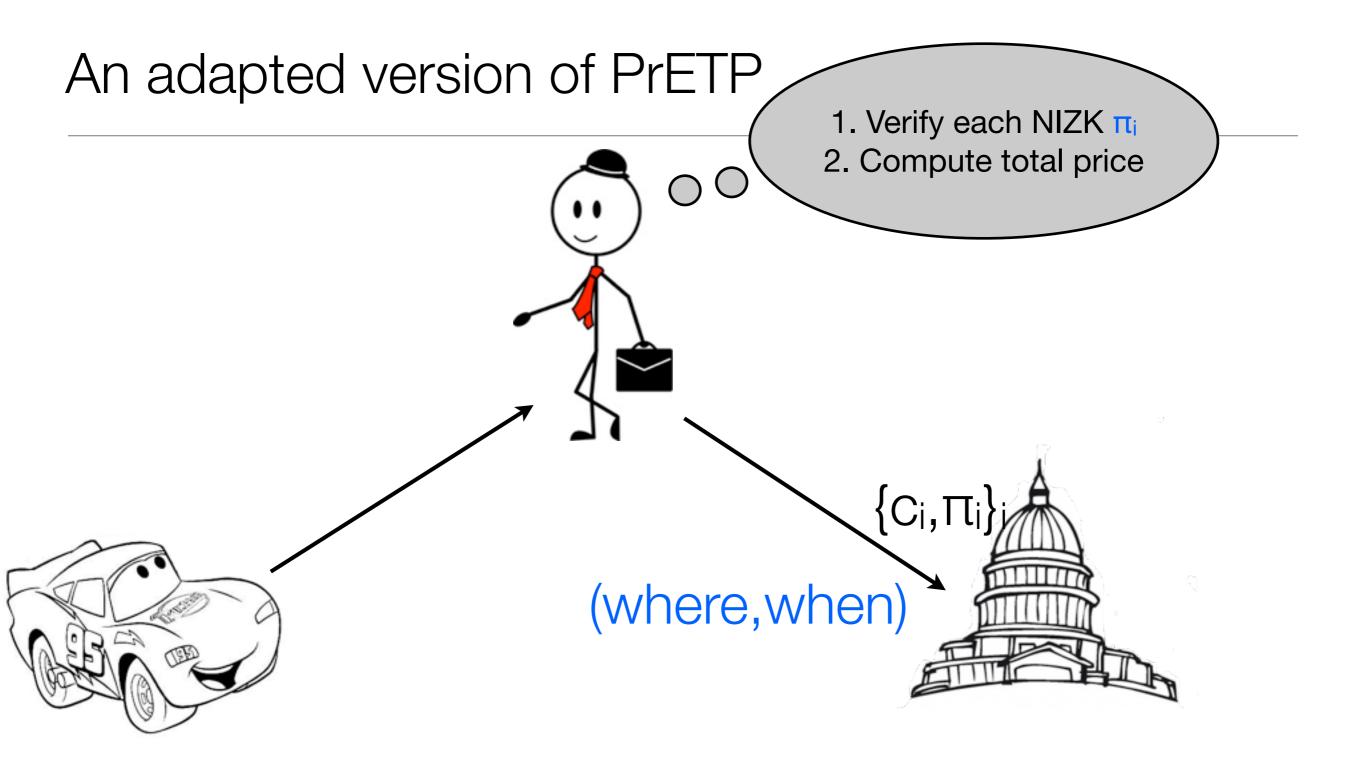


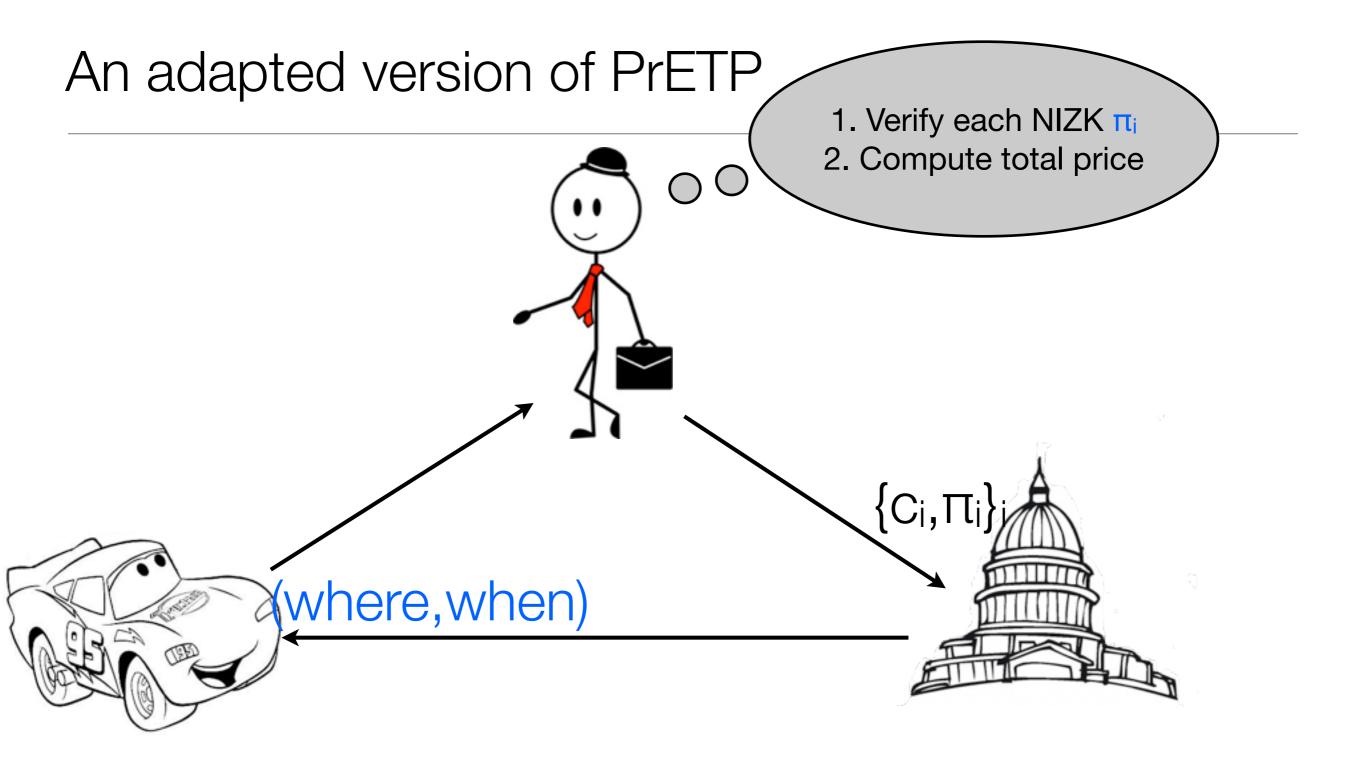
- 1. Verify each NIZK π_i
- 2. Compute total price

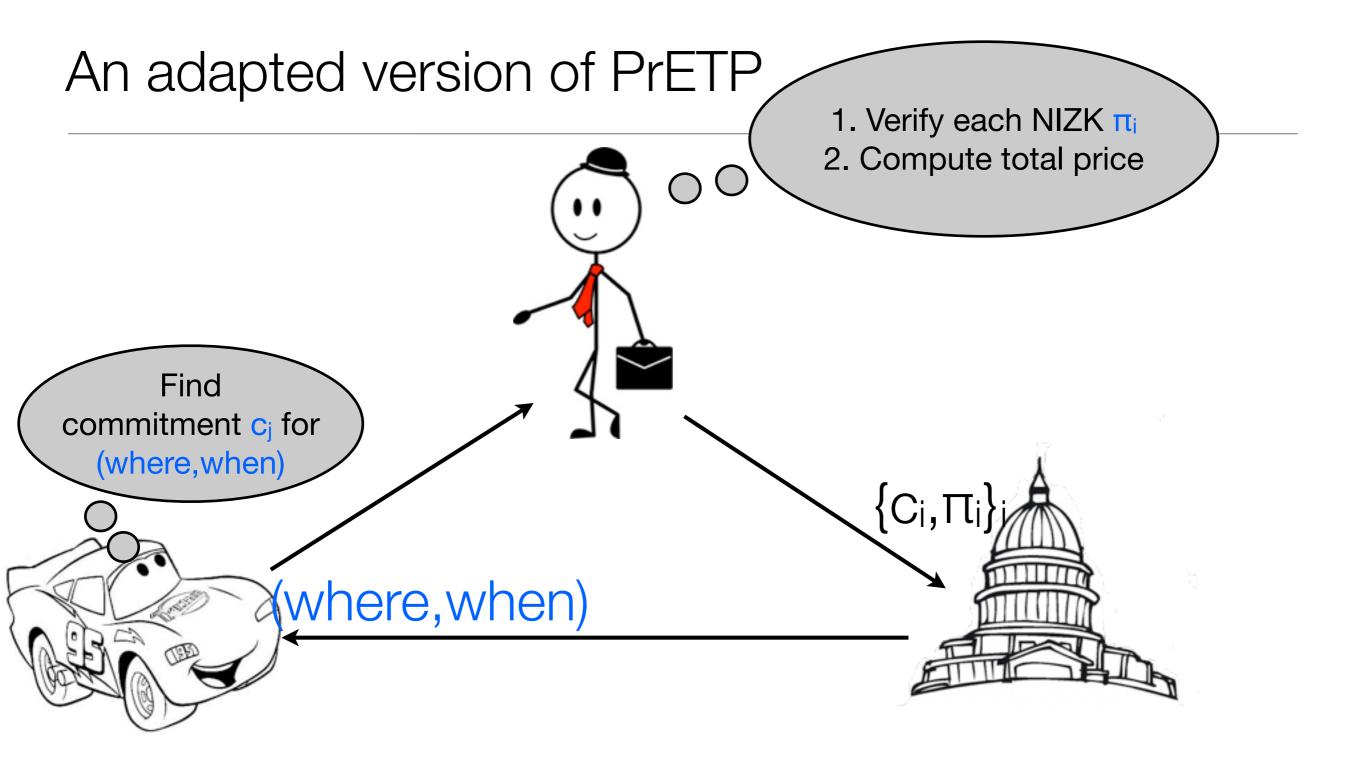


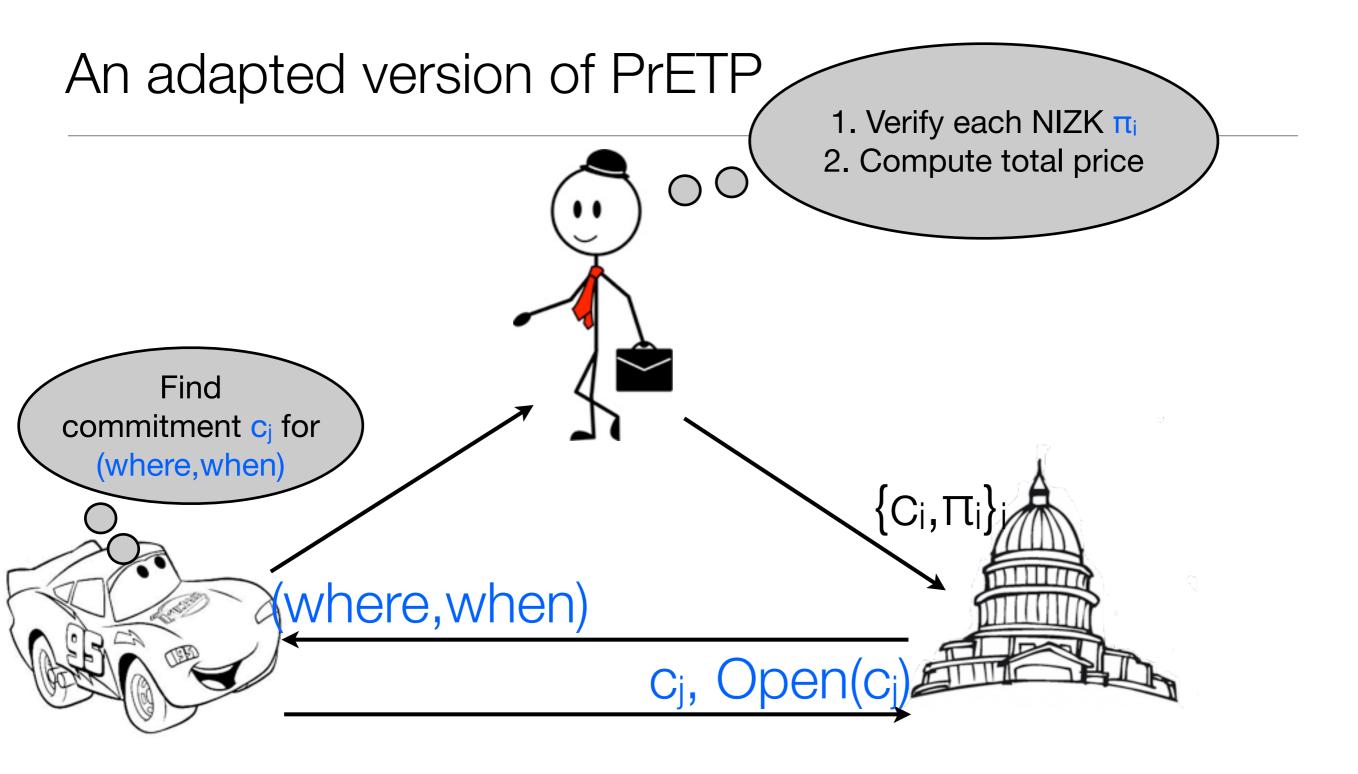


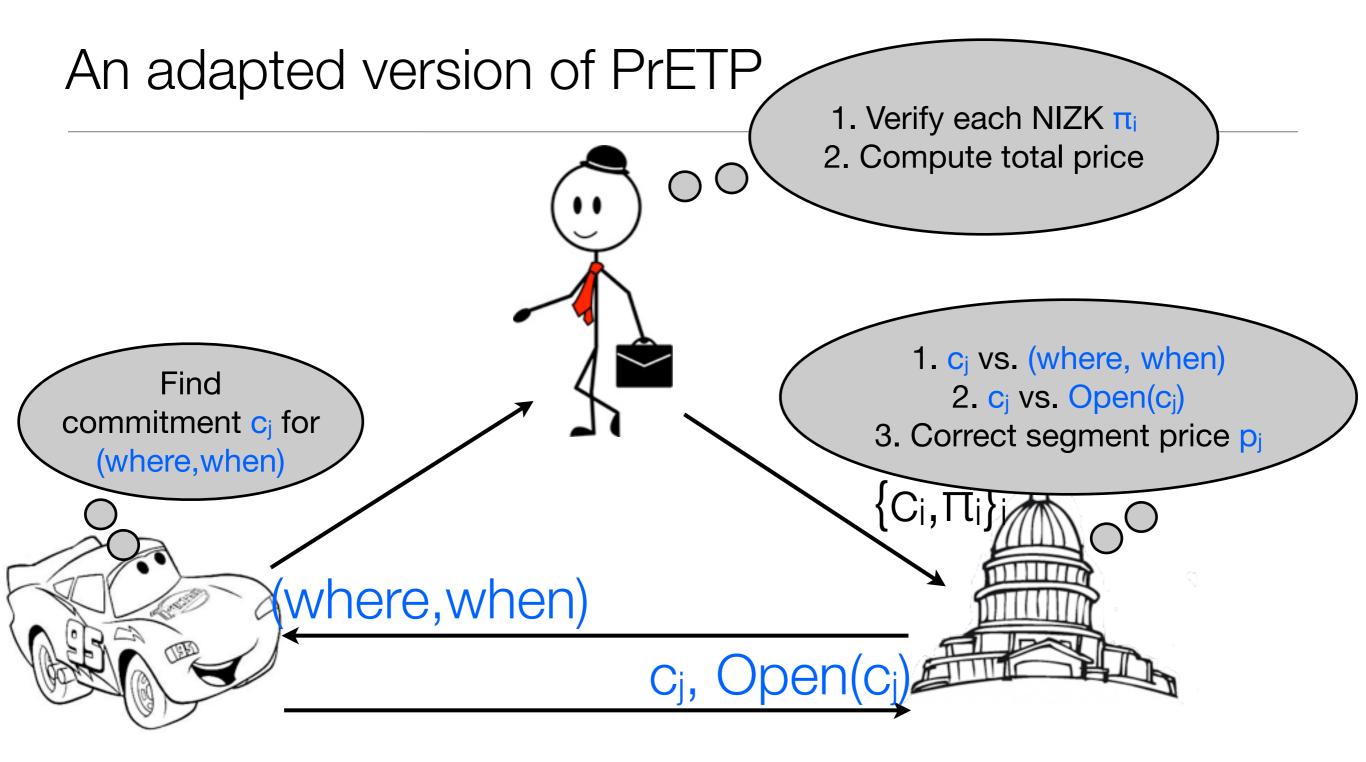


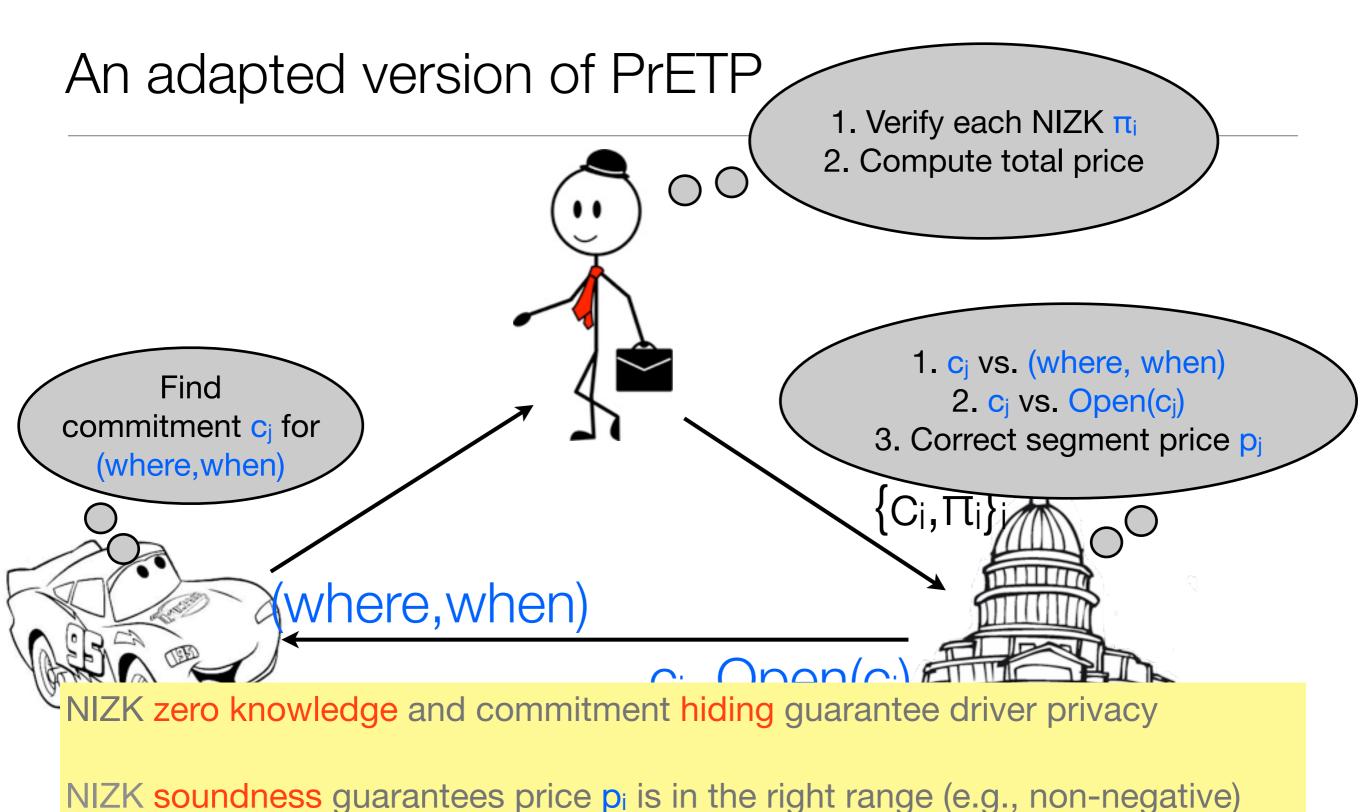






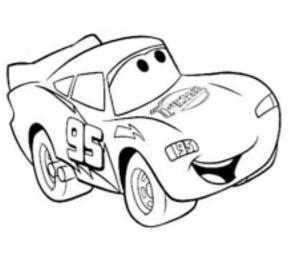


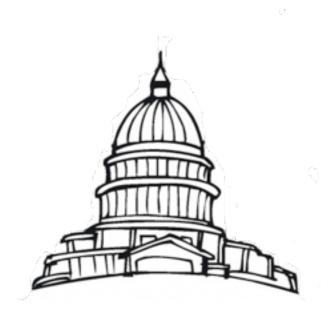




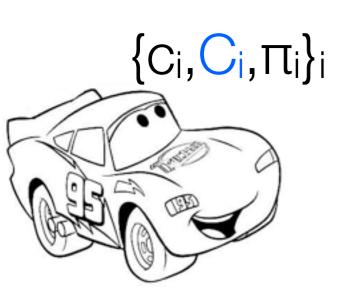
Commitment binding guarantees c_i is the right commitment for (where, when)

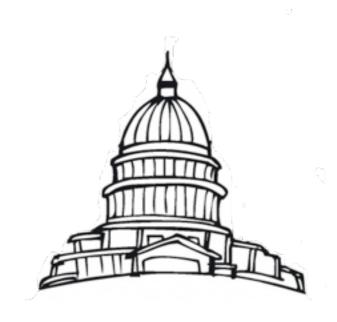


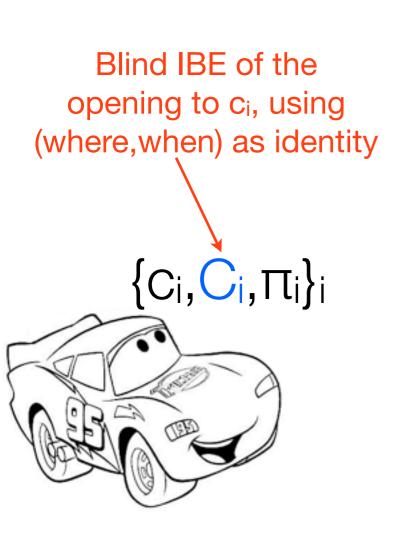






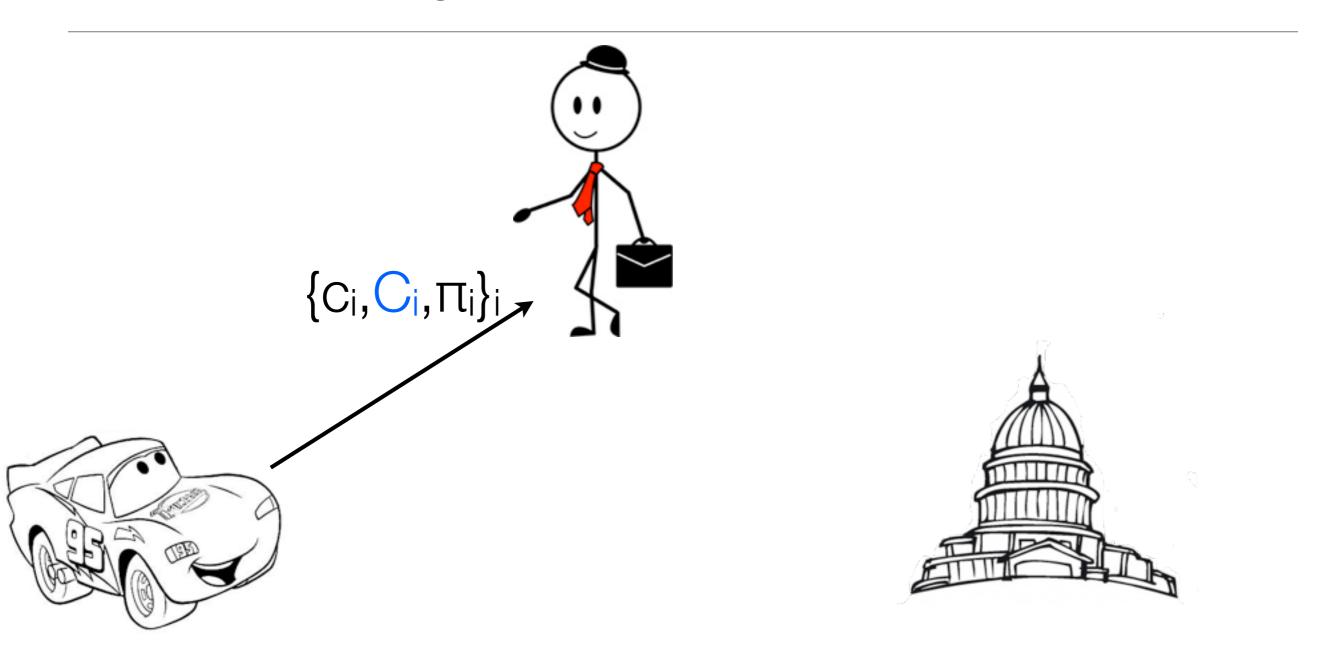


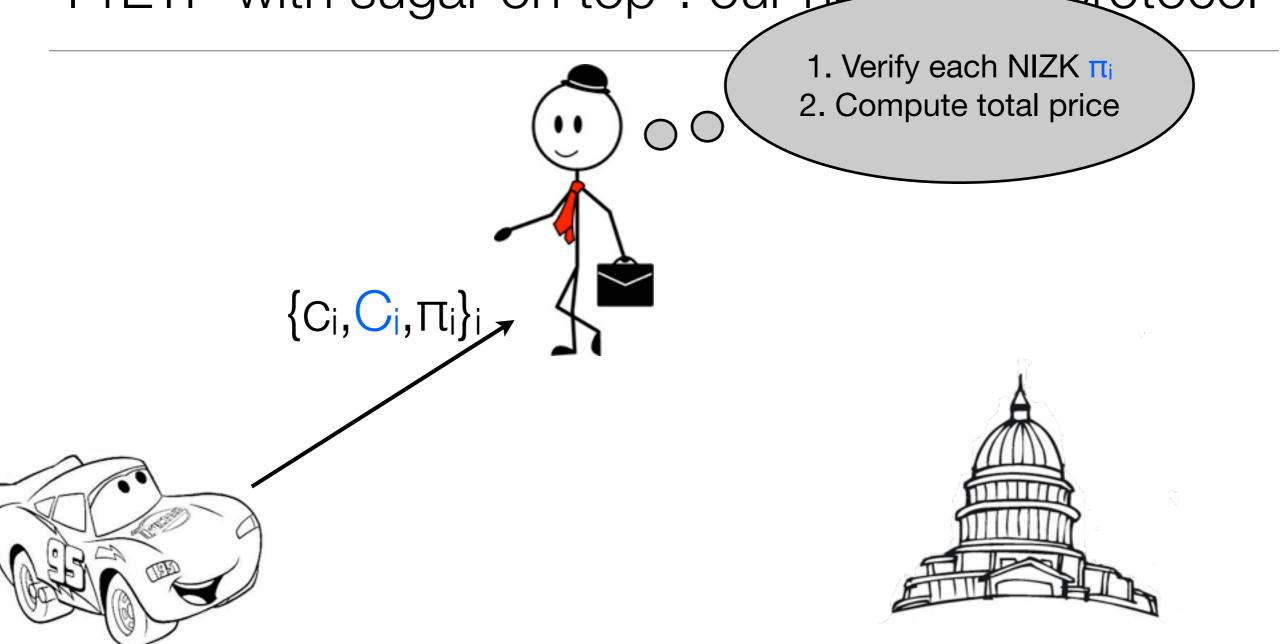








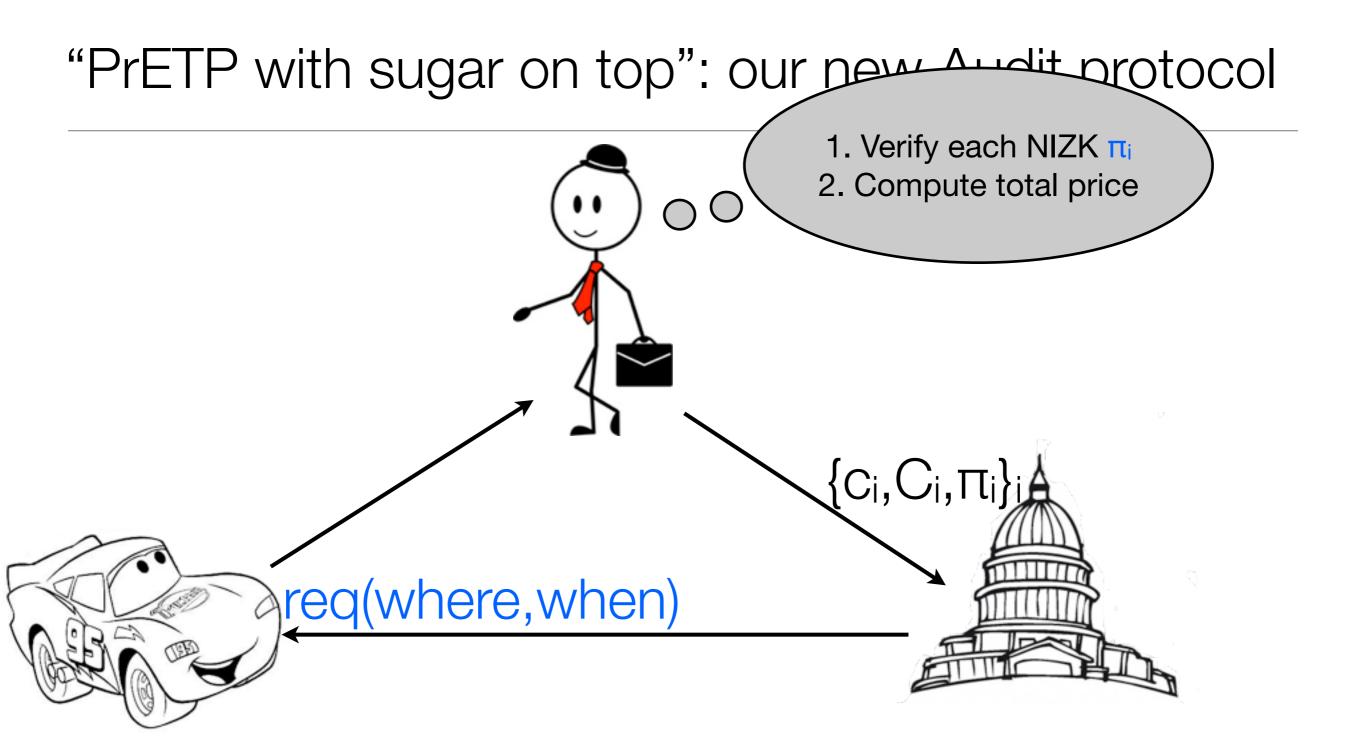


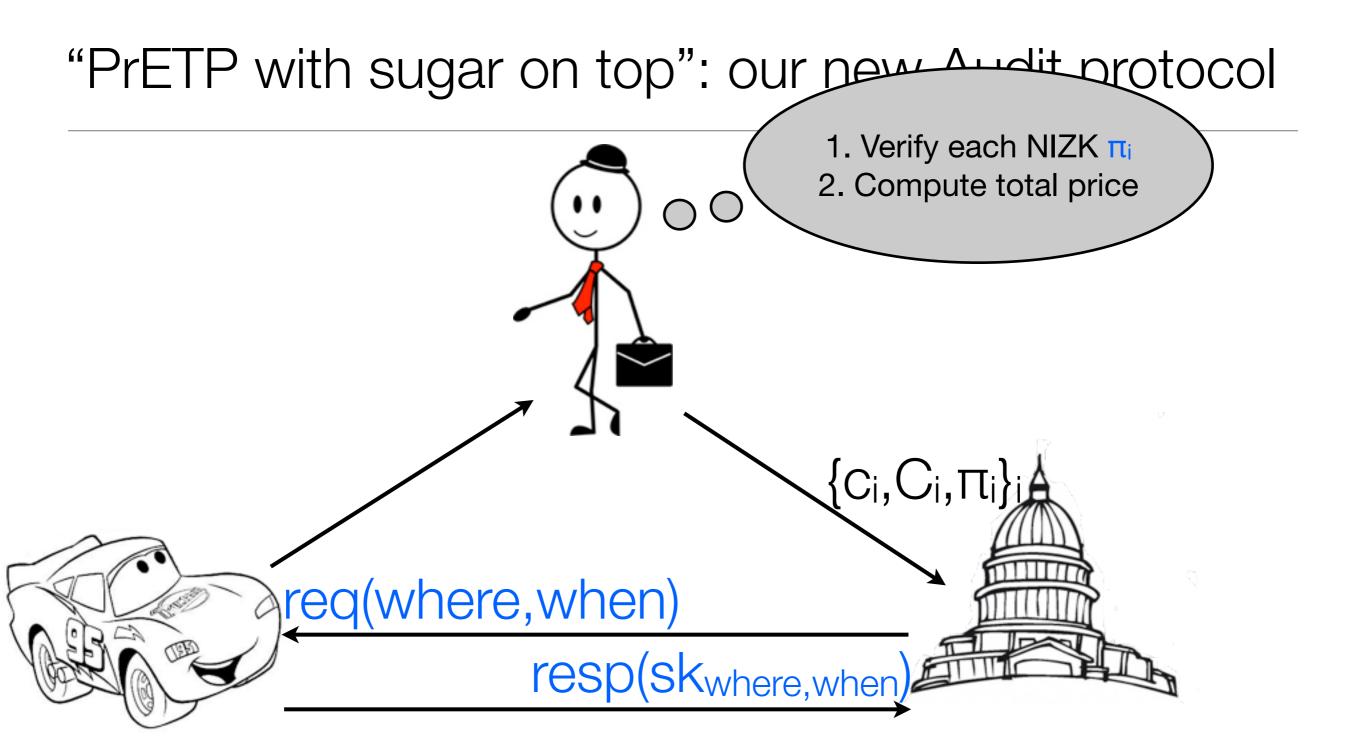


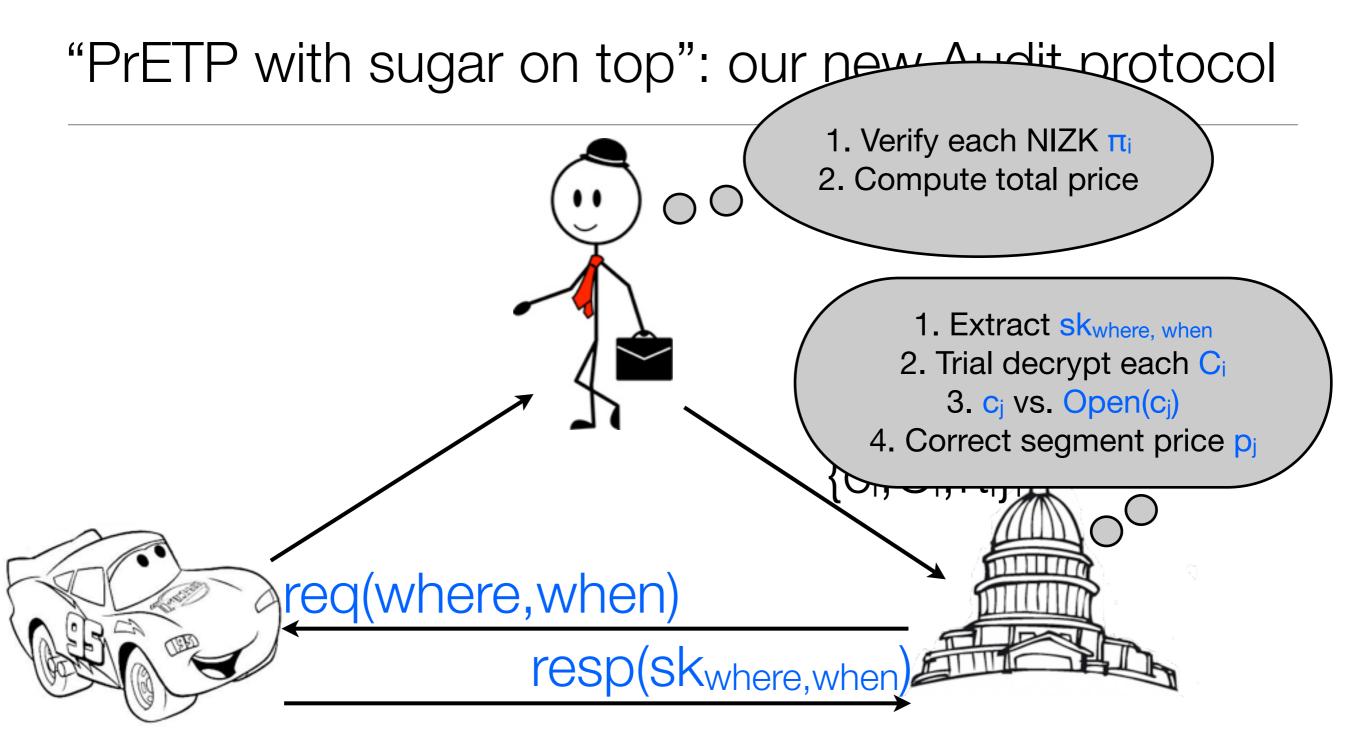
"PrETP with sugar on top": our new Audit protocol 1. Verify each NIZK π 2. Compute total price $\{c_i,C_i,\pi_i\}_i$

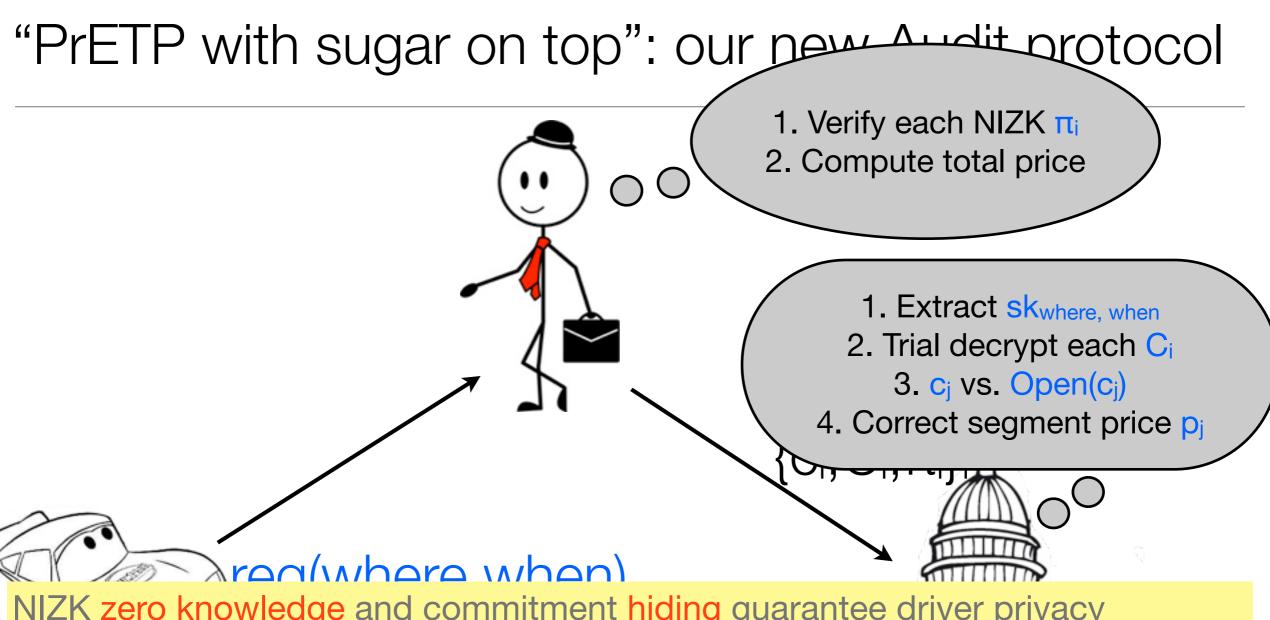
"PrETP with sugar on top": our new Audit protocol 1. Verify each NIZK π 2. Compute total price $\{c_i, c_i, \pi_i\}_{i \neq i}$

"PrETP with sugar on top": our new 1. Verify each NIZK π_i 2. Compute total price $\{c_i, C_i, \pi_i\}_{i \neq i}$ req(where, when)









NIZK zero knowledge and commitment hiding guarantee driver privacy

NIZK soundness guarantees price p_i is in the right range (e.g., non-negative)

Commitment binding guarantees c_i is the right commitment for (where, when)



Commitment binding guarantees c_i is the right commitment for (where, when)

IBE blindness guarantees that driver doesn't learn segment (where, when)

Outline

Cryptographic background

Milo

Evaluation

Implementation details Milo's performance Conclusions

Used MIRACL [Scott] for blind IBE, ZKPDL [MEKHL'10] for commitments and NIZKs

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Collected timing information on both a MacBook Pro (acting as the TC) and an ARM v5TE (acting as the OBU)

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When are blind IBE operations happening?

Used MIRACL [Scott] for blind IBE, ZKPDL [MEKHL'10] for commitments and NIZKs

Collected timing information on both a MacBook Pro (acting as the TC) and an ARM v5TE (acting as the OBU)

When are blind IBE operations happening?

- Encryption: during Payment process
- Extraction: during Audit (OBU as authority, TC as user)
- Decryption: during Audit (TC needs to trial decrypt each ciphertext)

	Time (ms)	
Operation	Laptop	ARM
Creating parameters	75.12	1083.61
Encryption	82.11	1187.82
Blind extraction (user)	13.13	214.06
Blind extraction (authority)	11.21	175.25
Decryption	78.31	1131.58

Time for blind IBE

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cost for OBU during Audit is reduced

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Object	Size (B)
NIZK	5455
Commitment	130
Ciphertext	366
Total Pay segment	5955
Audit message	494

Time for blind IBE

Size for messages

cost for OBU during Audit is reduced

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Time for blind IBE

cost for OBU during Audit is reduced

Size for messages

Time for TC to perform Audit

Length	Time step	Segments	Time for TC (s)
1 mile	1 minute	2000	55.68
1 mile	1 hour	1000	33.51
2 miles	1 hour	500	10.45

	Time (ms)	
Operation	Laptop	ARM
Creating parameters	75.12	1083.61
Encryption	82.11	1187.82
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Time for blind IBE

time to iterate dominates cost for TC

Size for messages

cost for OBU during Audit is reduced

Time for TC to perform Audit

Length	Time step	Segments	Tin	ne for TC	C(s)
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Outline

Cryptographic background Milo Conclusions Evaluation

We presented Milo, a privacy-preserving electronic toll collection system

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- Did so using blind IBE
- Found that computational overhead was manageable, significantly cheaper than certain alternatives

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- Possibly formalizing security definitions
- Find cheaper methods for achieving same security properties

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Thanks! Any questions?

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